

## **SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR THE DRY PEA REVENUE ENDORSEMENT CROP PROVISIONS (25-0067a)**

The following is a brief description of the changes to the crop provisions that will be effective for the 2025 crop year. Please refer to the crop provisions for more complete information.

- Introductory paragraph – Added order of precedence.
- Section 7 –
  - Corrected reference to section 3 in paragraph (a).
  - Corrected reference to section 2 in paragraph (e)(2)(C).
  - Clarified the release of additional projected price for non-revenue types is same time as projected price for revenue types in paragraph (f)(1).



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation  
DRY PEA REVENUE ENDORSEMENT**

In return for your payment of the premium for the coverage contained herein, this endorsement will be attached to and made part of the Common Crop Insurance Policy and the Dry Pea Crop Provisions, subject to the terms and conditions described herein.

If a conflict exists among the policy provisions, the order of precedence is: (1) Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement, if applicable; (2) Special Provisions; (3) actuarial documents; (4) this Dry Pea Revenue Endorsement; (5) Dry Pea Crop Provisions; and (4) the Basic Provisions.

**1. Applicability**

- (a) This endorsement operates only in those counties where coverage is offered in the actuarial documents.
- (b) You must have the Common Crop Insurance Policy and the Dry Pea Crop Provisions in force to elect this endorsement.
- (c) You must elect this endorsement in writing on or before the sales closing date for the first crop year that you wish to insure any type of your dry peas under it. Thereafter, it will be subject to the terms of section 2(a) of the Basic Provisions.
- (d) Except when in conflict with this Endorsement, all provisions of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions apply.
- (e) You must insure all acreage of all types of dry peas in the county under this endorsement.
- (f) The whole farm unit provisions of section 34 of the Basic Provisions do not apply under this endorsement.

**2. Definitions**

**Business days** - Monday through Friday excluding federal holidays.

**Buyer** - Any person who is in the business of buying and selling dry peas.

**Harvest price** - In lieu of the definition contained in the Basic Provisions, a price determined for each type in accordance with section 7 of this endorsement and used to value production to count.

**Offer price** - A contractual offer made by a buyer to producers to grow and deliver a specified type of dry peas to the buyer.

**Projected price** - In lieu of the definition contained in the Basic Provisions, a price determined for each type in accordance with section 7 of this endorsement. The applicable projected price is used for each type you have elected to insure under this endorsement.

**USADPLC** - The United States Dry Pea and Lentil Council.

**3. Insurance Guarantees, Coverage Levels, and Prices**

- (a) The term "projected price" is substituted in lieu of the term "price election" throughout the Dry Pea Crop Provisions.
- (b) The definition of price election contained in the Dry Pea Crop Provisions does not apply.

- (c) In addition to the provisions contained in section 3(b) of the Basic Provisions, you must elect revenue protection all types of dry peas you produce in the county.

- (d) In lieu of section 3(c)(5) of the Basic Provisions:

- (1) If the projected price cannot be calculated for a type for the current crop year:
  - (i) Coverage for that type will be subject to the terms of section 7(e)(3) of this endorsement; and
  - (ii) Notice will be provided on RMA's web site not later than the third business day in March.
- (2) If the harvest price cannot be calculated for the crop year for a type for which a projected price was determined in accordance with section 7 of this endorsement, the harvest price will be equal to the projected price.

**4. Causes of Loss**

In addition to the causes of loss specified in section 10 of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions, insurance is provided against a change in the harvest price from the projected price, unless FCIC can establish the price change was the direct result of an uninsured cause of loss specified in section 12(a) of the Basic Provisions.

**5. Settlement of Claim**

- (a) In lieu of the provisions of section 13(b) of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions, in the event of loss or damage covered by this policy, we will settle your claim by:
  - (1) Multiplying the insured acreage of each dry pea type, if applicable, excluding contract seed peas, by its respective revenue protection guarantee;
  - (2) Totaling the results of section 5(a)(1);
  - (3) Multiplying the insured acreage of each contract seed pea variety by its respective revenue protection guarantee;
  - (4) Totaling the results of section 5(a)(3);
  - (5) Totaling the results of section 5(a)(2) and section 5(a)(4);
  - (6) Multiplying the total production to be counted of each dry pea type, excluding contract seed peas, if applicable (see section 13(d) of the Dry

Pea Crop Provisions), by the respective harvest price;

- (7) Totaling the results of section 5(a)(6);
- (8) Totaling the value of all contract seed pea production (see section 5(b));
- (9) Totaling the results of section 5(a)(7) and section 5(a)(8);
- (10) Subtracting the result of section 5(a)(9) from the result in section 5(a)(5); and
- (11) Multiplying the result of section 5(a)(10) by your share.

The following information illustrates the effect of the insurance choices you may make for your dry peas. You have 100 percent share in 50 acres of smooth green and yellow dry peas in a unit with a production guarantee (per acre) of 1,600 pounds. You also insure Austrian winter peas that are located in a separate optional unit. You produce no other types or contract seed peas. The projected price is \$0.15 and the harvest price is \$0.20 per pound. The production to count is 25,000 pounds. Since the two types are in separate optional units, any indemnity for the smooth green and yellow dry peas is calculated separately from the other type. Following are examples of the application of the endorsement to various choices you may make.

Example 1: You choose yield protection, which will apply to both the smooth green and yellow dry peas and the Austrian winter peas. Your price election for the smooth green and yellow dry peas will be \$0.15 per pound. You also choose 100 percent of the price election. Both types will be insured under the terms of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions. This endorsement does not apply to you. Your indemnity will be determined as follows (Note: the steps are identified as numbered in the Crop Provisions and use the terms that apply to the Crop Provisions):

- (1)  $50 \text{ acres} \times 1,600 \text{ lbs. production guarantee} = 80,000 \text{ lbs. production guarantee}$ ;
- (2)  $80,000 \text{ lbs.} \times 0.15 \text{ price election} = \$12,000 \text{ value of the guarantee}$ ;
- (3)  $25,000 \text{ lbs. production to count} \times \$0.15 \text{ price election} = \$3,750 \text{ value of production to count}$ ;
- (4)  $\$12,000 \text{ value of guarantee} - \$3,750 \text{ value of production to count} = \$8,250$ ; and
- (5)  $\$8,250 \times 1.000 \text{ share} = \$8,250 \text{ indemnity}$ .

Example 2: You choose revenue protection, which will apply to both the smooth green and yellow dry peas and the Austrian winter peas. Both types will be insured under the terms of this endorsement. You must accept 100 percent of the projected price. Since the harvest price is higher than the projected price, your revenue protection guarantee will be calculated using the harvest price for this type. Since the price discovery for the Austrian winter peas is included under section 7(f) of this endorsement, any indemnity determined for this type

would be calculated in a manner similar to Example 1. Your indemnity for the smooth green and yellow dry peas will be determined as follows (Note: the steps are identified with the same numbers and use the same terms that apply to this endorsement):

- (1)  $50 \text{ acres} \times (1,600 \text{ lbs. production guarantee} \times \$0.20 \text{ harvest price}) = \$16,000 \text{ revenue protection guarantee}$ ;
- (2)  $25,000 \text{ pounds production to count} \times \$0.20 \text{ harvest price} = \$5,000 \text{ value of the production to count}$ ;
- (3)  $\$16,000 - \$5,000 = \$11,000$  and
- (4)  $\$11,000 \times 1.000 \text{ share} = \$11,000 \text{ indemnity}$ .

Example 3: You choose revenue protection with harvest price exclusion, which will apply to both the smooth green and yellow dry peas and the Austrian winter peas. Both types will be insured under the terms of this endorsement. You must accept 100 percent of the projected price. The same terms of insurance that apply to the Austrian winter peas under Example 2 also apply under this Example. With this choice, your revenue protection guarantee for the smooth green and yellow peas is based on the projected price and the production to count is valued using the harvest price. Your indemnity will be determined as follows (Note: the steps are identified with the same numbers and use the same terms that apply to this endorsement):

- (1)  $50 \text{ acres} \times (1,600 \text{ lbs. production guarantee} \times \$0.15 \text{ projected price}) = \$12,000 \text{ revenue protection guarantee}$ ;
- (2)  $25,000 \text{ pounds production to count} \times \$0.20 \text{ harvest price} = \$5,000 \text{ value of the production to count}$ ;
- (3)  $\$12,000 - \$5,000 = \$7,000$ ;
- (4)  $\$7,000 \times 1.000 \text{ share} = \$7,000 \text{ indemnity}$ .

(b) The value of contract seed pea production to count for each variety in the unit will be determined as follows:

- (1) For mature production meeting the objective, measurable minimum quality requirements (e.g., size, germination percentage) contained in the processor/seed company contract, and for mature production that does not meet such requirements due to uninsured causes:
  - (i) Determining the higher of the local market price or projected price per pound; and
  - (ii) Multiplying the result by the number of pounds of such production.
- (2) For mature production not meeting the objective, measurable minimum quality requirements (e.g., size, germination percentage) contained in the processor/seed company contract, due to insurable causes, and immature production that is appraised:

- (i) Determining the highest local market price available for such dry peas; and
- (ii) Multiplying the result by the number of pounds of such production.

## 6. Written Agreements

Written agreements that alter the terms of this Endorsement are not permitted. A written agreement that makes a permitted change in the terms of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions may also apply to any type insured under this Endorsement.

## 7. Price Discovery

- (a) In accordance with section 3, this section specifies how and when the projected price and harvest price will be determined.
- (b) The harvest price will not be greater than the projected price multiplied by 1.50.
- (c) Projected prices and harvest prices can be found in the Actuarial Documents.
- (d) Section 7(e)(3) applies in the case that either a projected price or a harvest price cannot be determined in the manner described in the following provisions.
- (e) The projected and harvest prices for a type within a region will be established as follows:
  - (1) The projected price for spring large Kabuli chickpeas, spring small Kabuli chickpeas, spring lentils, and spring smooth green and yellow dry peas will be determined by the following procedure:
    - (A) On or before February 15 of the crop year, the offer price and expected contract volume for these types will be collected by RMA or on behalf of RMA;
    - (B) The offer prices for each type provided by each buyer will be multiplied by the respective expected contract quantity, summed, and the sum will be divided by the expected total contract quantity for the type;
    - (C) A projected price for a type will not be established if:
      - (1) Fewer than three buyers provide contract prices for that type; or
      - (2) Three buyers provide a contract price but the lowest price is more than 25 percent lower than the highest price and the buyer with the lowest price has contracted for delivery of more than 15 percent of the total quantity contracted by the three buyers.
    - (D) The projected price will be announced no later than the third business day of March.
  - (2) The harvest price for spring large Kabuli chickpeas, spring small Kabuli chickpeas, spring lentils, and spring smooth green and yellow dry peas will be determined by the following procedure:
    - (A) The reported volume and sales price of a type during the period beginning the first

business day in September and ending on the last business day in November will be collected;

- (B) The reported volume and sales price will be used in establishing a weighted average price;
  - (C) A harvest price will not be established if there is a valid price reported on fewer than 25 percent of the business days included in the period defined in section 2;
  - (D) The harvest price for a type will be the weighted average of all valid reported prices; and
  - (E) The harvest price will be announced no later than January 15<sup>th</sup> of the calendar year following the applicable crop year.
- (3) If a projected price for any of these types cannot be determined as described herein:
    - (A) The projected price will be determined by RMA and announced not later than the third business day of March; and
    - (B) The harvest price will equal the projected price.
- (f) Because there is not a sufficient volume of contracting for types other than spring large Kabuli chickpeas, spring small Kabuli chickpeas, spring lentils, and spring smooth green and yellow dry peas, the procedure described for those types cannot be utilized for other types. However, revenue protection is still considered to be available and the projected and harvest prices will be determined by RMA. This action allows you to insure all types of dry peas under revenue protection. However, the types subject to this section will not have the benefit of a change in the harvest price relative to the projected price. You must elect 100 percent of the projected price.
    - (1) In lieu of the definition of projected price contained in the Basic Provisions, the projected price shall be determined by RMA and shall be the higher of the projected price announced not later than the contract change date or the additional projected price announced concurrently with the projected prices for types that have the benefit of a change in the harvest price relative to the projected price; and
    - (2) The harvest price shall be equal to the projected price for the applicable type.
  - (g) For contract seed peas only, the base contract price shall be the projected price and the harvest price.
- ## 8. Winter Coverage Option
- (a) Section 15(e)(4) of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions is amended by deleting the phrase "or percentage of the price election."
  - (b) Section 15(k)(3)(i) of the Dry Pea Crop Provisions is amended to read as follows: By destroying the remaining dry peas, you agree to accept an appraised amount of production to count determined in accordance with section 13(d)(1) of

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the Dry Pea Crop Provisions. This amount will be considered production to count in determining any final indemnity on the unit and will be used to settle your claim as described in section 5 of the endorsement.