



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation
WEANED CALF RISK PROTECTION COMMODITY PROVISIONS

In return for your payment of premium and administrative fee for the coverage, these Weaned Calf Risk Protection Commodity Provisions and corresponding Commodity Exchange Price Provisions will be attached to and made part of the Common Crop Insurance Policy, Basic Provisions (Basic Provisions) subject to the terms and conditions described herein.

1. Definitions

Backgrounding - The practice of growing calves from weaning until they enter the feedlot for finishing or until they are delivered for sale.

Basic unit - In lieu of the definition in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, a basic unit will be all the insurable commodity in the county on the date coverage begins for the crop year:

- (a) In which you have 100 percent share; or
- (b) Which is owned by one person and operated by another person on a share basis. (Example: If, in addition to the commodity you own, you share in the commodity with three persons on a separate share basis, you would be entitled to four units; one for each commodity share and one for the commodity you own.)

Calf report - The calf report, including any revised reports, submitted by you by the earlier of the calf reporting date or the final calf reporting date. The calf report is a summary record of all live calves born at different times from the beginning of calving to the calf reporting date or the final calf reporting dates. The calf report functions as an acreage report.

Calf reporting date - The date determined for the type and unit and equal to 60 days after the date calving begins and contained in a notice required in section 6(a)(1)(iv) of these Commodity Provisions for the applicable type and unit. However, if the calf reporting date as established above is after the final calf reporting date, the calf reporting date is the final calf reporting date and is the date your calf report must be submitted.

Commodity - See agricultural commodity as defined in the Basic Provisions. The term commodity will have the same meaning as crop when referenced in applicable sections of the Basic Provisions, these Commodity Provisions, and applicable approved FCIC procedures.

Crop year - The period beginning with the sales closing date for the type of the insured commodity and extending through the calendar date for the end of the insurance period for the type. It is designated by the calendar year the crop year begins. For example, the 2024 crop year begins January 31, 2024, for the spring type and ends January 31, 2025.

Final calf reporting date - The commodity reporting date contained in the actuarial documents for the type by which your calf report must be submitted. Such report may not be revised after this date except in accordance with applicable provisions of section 6 of the Basic Provisions (e.g., editorial revisions, etc.) and section 6 of these Commodity Provisions.

Harvest price - In lieu of the definition contained in the Basic Provisions, the prices determined for the insured commodity type in accordance with the Commodity

Exchange Price Provisions and used to:

- (a) Establish the applicable value for determining the applicable protection guarantee based on the applicable approved yield; and
- (b) Value production to count for revenue protection based on the applicable average weaning weight per calf determined on a unit basis.

Pound - Sixteen ounces avoirdupois.

Production guarantee (per weaned calf) - In lieu of the definition of production guarantee (per acre) contained in the Basic Provisions, the number of pounds determined by multiplying the approved yield per weaned calf by the coverage level percentage you elect.

Projected price - In lieu of the definition contained in the Basic Provisions, the prices for the insured commodity type determined in accordance with the Commodity Exchange Price Provisions and used to:

- (a) Establish the applicable value for determining the applicable protection guarantee based on the applicable approved yield; and
- (b) Value production to count for yield protection based on the applicable average weaning weight per calf determined on a unit basis.

Revenue protection guarantee (per weaned calf) - In lieu of the definition of revenue protection guarantee (per acre) contained in the Basic Provisions, for revenue protection only, the amount determined by multiplying the production guarantee (per weaned calf) by the greater of your applicable projected price or harvest price. If the harvest price exclusion is elected, the production guarantee (per weaned calf) is only multiplied by your applicable projected price.

Share - In lieu of the definition in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, your share will include all your insurable interest in the insured commodity. However, only for the purpose of determining the amount of indemnity, your share will not exceed your share at the earlier of the time of loss or the beginning of weaning of any of the insured commodity.

Spring type - Calves born from February 1 to July 31 of the crop year.

Type - A category of weaned calves identified as a type in the Special Provisions.

Weaned (weaning) - Removing the calf from the brood cow.

Weaned calf (calves) - Calves included in the beef class, as specified in the Special Provisions and reported on your calf report.

Weaning date - The date calves are removed from the brood cows (see section 11(a)(5) of these Commodity Provisions).

Yield protection - In lieu of the definition contained in the

Basic Provisions, a plan of insurance that only provides protection against a production loss and is available only for the commodity for which revenue protection is available.

Yield protection guarantee (per weaned calf) - In lieu of the definition of yield protection guarantee (per acre) contained in the Basic Provisions, when yield protection is selected for the commodity, the amount determined by multiplying the production guarantee (per weaned calf) by your applicable projected price.

2. Unit Division

- (a) In lieu of the definition of basic unit contained in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, basic units will be as defined in section 1 of these Commodity Provisions.
- (b) In addition to section 2(a) of these Commodity Provisions, separate basic units by type are allowed.
- (c) No other unit division under section 34 of the Basic Provisions is allowed.

3. Insurance Guarantees, Coverage Levels, and Prices

- (a) You must report, by the production reporting date designated in the actuarial documents, any change in practices, or any other circumstance that may reduce the expected yield below the approved yield.
 - (1) We will reduce the yield used to establish your production guarantee, as necessary, based on our estimate of the effects of any changes in practices or any other circumstance that may affect the yield potential of the insured commodity.
 - (2) If you fail to notify us of any changes in practices or any other circumstance that may reduce your yields from previous levels, we will reduce your production guarantee, as necessary, any time we become aware of the circumstance.
- (b) Your approved yield will be determined in accordance with section 3 and section 5 of the Basic Provisions, and these Commodity Provisions. However, for new insureds, each actual yield reported by you on your production report and used to establish your approved yield will be limited to the lesser of the actual reported yield or the applicable transitional yield multiplied by 1.25.

4. Contract Changes

In accordance with section 4 of the Basic Provisions, the contract change date is November 30 preceding the cancellation date.

5. Cancellation and Termination Dates

In accordance with section 2 of the Basic Provisions, the cancellation and termination dates are:

<u>State and County</u>	<u>Cancellation Date</u>	<u>Termination Date</u>
All States and Counties	January 31	March 31

6. Report of Commodity

In addition to section 6 of the Basic Provisions, you must include:

- (a) On your calf report by the applicable calf reporting date:
 - (1) All of the insurable commodity, by type, located in all counties listed on your application, including:

- (i) All insurable and uninsurable live calves;
 - (ii) The number of brood cows;
 - (iii) An estimate of the number of calves that may be born after the calf reporting date. Such calves will be considered reported as uninsurable and will not be considered underreported; and
 - (iv) The date calving begins for each type and unit.
- (2) The land identifier for the commodity locations (e.g., legal description, FSA farm number, or common land unit number if provided to you by FSA, etc.) as required on our form;
 - (3) Your insured share; and
 - (4) Your signature.
- (b) If you do not have a share in the insured type in the county for the crop year, you must submit a calf report on or before the final calf reporting date indicating zero insured calves for the type.
 - (c) In lieu of section 6(d) of the Basic Provisions, you may revise your calf report as often as required to report the birth of additional calves. Such revisions must be made by the earlier of your calf reporting date for the type and unit or the final calf reporting date for the type and unit, as applicable. For example, if your calf reporting date is May 15 for the spring type and unit (i.e., 60 days after the March 15 date calving began), you must submit your calf report by the May 15 calf reporting date. If your calf reporting date for the type and unit occurs after the final calf reporting date for the type (see calf reporting date in section 1 of these Commodity Provisions), you must submit your calf report by the final calf reporting date which will include any revised calf reports filed before such date. For example, if the date calving began for the type and unit is June 15, 60 days after the date calving began is August 14 and occurs after the August 1 final calf reporting date. August 1 is the latest date your calf report must be submitted and will include any revisions filed prior to August 1.
 - (d) Any calves reported by you by the calf reporting date or final calf reporting date, as applicable, are insurable and insurance will be considered to have attached to any such calves on the date reported by you. No calf report revisions as specified in section 6(c) of these Commodity Provisions, including revisions to remove calves previously reported, are allowed after the calf reporting date or final calf reporting date, as applicable, except as provided in section 6 of the Basic Provisions and section 6(g) and (h) of these Commodity Provisions.
 - (e) Any calf report submitted under this section of the Commodity Provisions must be submitted no later than the calf reporting date or final calf reporting date, as applicable.
 - (f) Any calves will be considered uninsurable:
 - (1) That are insurable but are not reported on your calf report;
 - (2) That are uninsurable but are reported on your calf report as insurable calves; or

(3) That originated in an unlisted county or a county in an uninsured state and are moved to a listed county.

(g) Calves reported under:

(1) Section 6(f)(1) and (2) of these Commodity Provisions will be considered misreported as specified in section 6(g)(1)(i) and (ii) of the Basic Provisions and coverage and any indemnity will be determined in accordance with section 6(g) of the Basic Provisions; or

(2) Section 6(f)(3) of these Commodity Provisions will not be considered misreported if we revise your calf report as specified in section 6(h). Such calves would be reported as uninsurable on the revised calf report.

(h) In addition to section 6(c) and in accordance with section 11(a)(3) and 11(d) of these Commodity Provisions, we will revise your calf report to record where the calves are located and applicable premium determinations will be made in accordance with section 7(b) of the Commodity Provisions if:

(1) You move your calves from a listed county to another listed county, an unlisted county, a county in an uninsured state, or to a different country; or

(2) The calves originated in an unlisted county or a county in an uninsured state and are moved to a listed county.

(i) The number of calves reported on the revised calf report will not be less than the number of calves reported on your initial calf report or any of your previous calf report revisions filed by the calf reporting date.

(j) Sections 6(e), (f), (g), and (i) of the Basic Provisions, as applicable, apply to these Commodity Provisions.

(k) You must submit a pre-acceptance worksheet, which indicates the location of each cattle herd by section, FSA farm number, or other applicable legal description for each unit by the applicable sales closing date for the type. A revised worksheet must be submitted by the applicable sales closing date for the type for the succeeding crop year if any cattle are added, types or practices change, or as required by FCIC approved procedures.

7. Annual Premium

(a) In lieu of section 7(c) of the Basic Provisions, we will determine your annual premium by multiplying the reported insurable quantity of the commodity contained on your calf report times the production guarantee (per weaned calf) times the projected price times the highest premium rate for any county listed on your application times your applicable share in the commodity and summing the results.

(b) For purposes of section 11(d) of these Commodity Provisions, the annual premium:

(1) For calves moved to another listed county on your application, will be based on the county listed on your application with the highest premium rate.

(2) For calves moved from a listed county to an unlisted county, will be based on the county listed on your application with the highest

premium rate. However, if the unlisted county to which the calves are moved has a higher premium rate than the listed county with the highest rate, the unlisted county's higher premium rate will apply to the moved calves (the rate for unmoved calves will not change).

(3) For calves moved to a county in an uninsured state, will be based on the higher of the premium rate for the uninsured state contained in the actuarial documents or the highest premium rate for the listed counties.

(4) If you move the calves to a different country, the premium amount will be based on the premium rate for the county listed on your application with the highest premium rate as provided in section in section 7(a).

(c) The premium determined in section 7(b) will apply only to the calves that are moved.

8. Insured Commodity

In accordance with section 8 of the Basic Provisions, the commodity insured will be all the commodity in any county in which you have a share listed on your application for which premium rates are provided by the actuarial documents:

(a) That is a type designated in the Special Provisions and grown for the production of beef;

(b) Produced using generally recognized and acceptable practices;

(c) That are insurable calves reported on your calf report; and

(d) If inspected by us, your livestock operation to produce weaned calves is considered acceptable.

9. Insurance Period

In lieu of section 11 of the Basic Provisions:

(a) Insurance attaches to calves reported on your calf report for each type and unit on the earlier of the:

(1) Date you submit your calf report including any revised calf reports as provided in section 6(c) of these Commodity Provisions;

(2) Calf reporting date; or

(3) Final calf reporting date.

(b) The insurance period begins as specified in section 9(a) for the type, subject to an acceptable inspection as specified in section 8(d) of these Commodity Provisions.

(c) Insurance attaches only to calves reported on your calf report. Your calf report, including any revisions made by the calf reporting date, may be made in person or by phone and confirmed in writing within 15 days.

(d) Coverage ends on each unit or part of a unit at the earliest of:

(1) Total destruction of the insured commodity;

(2) Final adjustment of a loss on the unit;

(3) Abandoning of the insured commodity;

(4) Putting the commodity to an alternative use (backgrounding, etc.);

(5) Sale of the insured commodity;

(6) The calendar date calves are weaned;

(7) Moving the insured commodity to another country; or

(8) The January 31 calendar date for the end of the insurance period for the spring type that immediately follows the January 31 sales closing

date for the crop year (for example, January 31, 2025, would be the calendar year date immediately following the January 31, 2024, sales closing date for the 2024 crop year).

- (e) Coverage ends on any of the commodity within a unit once any event specified in section 9(d)(1) – (7) occurs for the commodity. Coverage only remains in effect on the commodity that has not been affected by a specified event.
- (f) For purposes of moving calves under section 11(d) of these Commodity Provisions, coverage will continue. Insurance coverage will be based on the originating county from which the calves are moved.

10. Causes of Loss

- (a) In accordance with section 12 of the Basic Provisions, insurance is provided only against the following causes of loss which occur within the insurance period:
 - (1) Adverse weather conditions;
 - (2) Fire;
 - (3) Wildlife;
 - (4) Earthquake;
 - (5) Volcanic eruption;
 - (6) Disease, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of disease control measures;
 - (7) Other causes directly damaging pastures and other forms of grazing (e.g., insects, provided acceptable control measures were followed);
 - (8) Calf death due to a covered peril occurring during the insurance period (e.g., disease, freezing temperatures, flood, fire, hail, wildlife, etc.) provided you submit acceptable supporting documentation of calf death and the insured cause(s) of loss; or
 - (9) For revenue protection, a change in harvest price from projected price unless FCIC can prove the price change was the direct result of an uninsured cause of loss specified in section 12(a) of the Basic Provisions.
- (b) In addition to the causes of loss excluded in section 12 of the Basic Provisions, we will not insure against any loss due to:
 - (1) Aborted pregnancies;
 - (2) Stillborn calves;
 - (3) Calves that die before your calf report is submitted;
 - (4) Failed conception;
 - (5) Calves you are required to destroy by order of official governmental authority (e.g., quarantine order for destruction);
 - (6) Calves seized or quarantined and are not released during the insurance period;
 - (7) Calf death due to any cause while the calves are under a quarantine; or
 - (8) Calves that die while in transit.

11. Insured Duties

- (a) In accordance with or in addition to section 14 of the Basic Provisions:
 - (1) In case of damage or loss of production or revenue to any insured commodity, you must:
 - (i) Protect the commodity from further damage by providing sufficient care; and
 - (ii) For calf death:

- (A) Establish that any calf death occurred during the insurance period;
 - (B) That such death was due to an insured cause of loss under section 10(a)(1 - 6) and (8) of these Commodity Provisions; and
 - (C) Provide to us acceptable documentation of such calf death (e.g., the carcass, photographs of the dead calves, etc.).
- (2) You must give us notice within 72 hours of the date calving begins.
 - (3) You must give us notice at least 72 hours prior to the date you intend to:
 - (i) Wean any calves; or
 - (ii) Move calves to a different country.
 - (4) For purposes of section 11(a)(3), you are required to have the calves weighed by a disinterested third party unless the calves will be transported directly to an auction, sale barn, or other established sale facility or buyer and the weight can be established based on acceptable sales documents.
 - (5) You must report on our form for each unit, by each separate weaning date, the number of calves weaned. The total weight of such weaned calves will be determined in accordance with FCIC approved procedures and verifiable documentation supporting the information contained on the report.
 - (6) You must obtain consent from us before you:
 - (i) Destroy any of the insured commodity;
 - (ii) Put the insured commodity to an alternative use (backgrounding, etc.);
 - (iii) Abandon any portion of the insured commodity;
 - (iv) Sell any of the insured commodity prior to the date the calves would normally be weaned (e.g., early sale); or
 - (v) Sell any of the commodity other than to an auction, sale barn, or other established sale facility or buyer.
 - (7) We will not give consent for any of the actions in section 11(a)(6)(i) - (v) of these Commodity Provisions until we have determined the production to count for the commodity.
- (b) You must provide notice to us by the calendar date for the end of the insurance period if you do not intend to sell or put to other use any of the insured commodity within the insurance period so that we may determine the weight at the end of the insurance period.
 - (c) Any time during the coverage period you are notified that any of your commodity will be seized, quarantined, or destroyed by order of any governmental authority, you must provide us written notice of such circumstance within 72 hours of the subject notice.
 - (d) You must give us immediate notice and obtain our consent if you intend to move any of the insured commodity to an insurable county that is listed on your application, to an insurable county that is not listed on your application, a county in an uninsured

state (i.e., the weaned calf insurance program is not offered). The notice must include the:

- (1) Reason the calves are being moved;
- (2) County from which the calves are moved;
- (3) County to which the calves are moved;
- (4) Number of calves being moved;
- (5) Number of calves remaining at the current location; and
- (6) Expected date of the arrival of the calves at the new county location.

12. Settlement of Claim

- (a) We will determine your loss on a unit basis. In the event you are unable to provide records of production that are acceptable to us for any basic unit, we will allocate any commingled production to such units in proportion to our liability for each unit.
- (b) In the event of loss or damage covered by this policy, we will settle your claim by:
 - (1) Multiplying the number of weaned calves for the commodity type by your respective:
 - (i) Yield protection guarantee or revenue protection guarantee with harvest price exclusion (per weaned calf) if you elected yield protection or revenue protection with harvest price exclusion; or
 - (ii) Revenue protection guarantee (per weaned calf) if you elected revenue protection;
 - (2) Totaling the results of section 12(b)(1)(i), or 12(b)(1)(ii), whichever is applicable;
 - (3) Multiplying the production to count of the insured commodity type, as applicable, by your respective:
 - (i) Projected price if you elected yield protection; or
 - (ii) Harvest price if you elected revenue protection or revenue protection with harvest price exclusion;
 - (4) Totaling the results of section 12(b)(3)(i) or 12(b)(3)(ii), whichever is applicable;
 - (5) Subtracting the result of section 12(b)(4) from the result of section 12(b)(2); and
 - (6) Multiplying the result of section (12)(b)(5) by your share.

Example 1 Yield Protection:

You have a 100 percent share in 100 calves reported on your calf report with a coverage level of 75%. Your production guarantee per weaned calf is 450 lbs. (600 lb. approved yield × 75 percent coverage level). You elected the 100 percent price percentage. The projected price used to establish the value of your production guarantee is \$1.64 per lb. based on an approved yield of 600 lbs. Insured causes reduced your production to count to 36,200 lbs. for the unit [100 weaned calves × 362 lbs. per weaned calf (actual weaning weight per weaned calf)]. The projected price used to establish the value of your production to count is \$1.83 per lb. based on the weaning weight of 362 lbs. per weaned calf (36,200 lbs. total weaned weight for the unit ÷ 100 insured calves).

The yield protection premium due is \$3,690 [(100 reported calves × 450 lbs. production guarantee per

weaned calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price) = \$73,800 liability × .05 premium rate].

- (1) 100 reported calves × 450 lb. production guarantee per calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price = \$73,800 value of production guarantee.
- (3) 100 weaned calves × 362 lb. actual weaning weight per calf × \$1.83 per lb. projected price = \$66,246 value of production to count.
- (5) \$73,800 - \$66,246 = \$7,554.
- (6) \$7,554 × 1.00 share = \$7,554 indemnity.

Example 2 Revenue Protection (harvest price less than projected price):

You have a 100 percent share in 100 calves reported on your calf report with a coverage level of 75%. Your production guarantee per weaned calf is 450 lbs. (600 lb. approved yield × 75 percent coverage level). You elected the 100 percent price percentage. The projected price used to establish the value of your revenue protection guarantee for purposes of calculating premium is \$1.64 per lb. based on an approved yield of 600 lbs. The harvest price is \$1.55 per lb. based on an approved yield of 600 lbs. The price used to establish the value of your revenue protection guarantee for purposes of calculating the indemnity is the greater of the projected price (\$1.64) or harvest price (\$1.55). Insured causes resulted in the death of two calves, reducing the number of weaned calves to 98. The loss of two calves plus other insured damage reduced your production to count to 35,476 lbs. for the unit [98 weaned calves × 362 lbs. per weaned calf (actual weaning weight per weaned calf)]. The harvest price used to establish the value of your production to count is \$1.76 per lb. based on the weaning weight of 362 lbs. per weaned calf (35,476 lbs. total weaned weight for the unit ÷ 98 weaned calves).

The revenue protection premium due is \$8,118 [(100 reported calves × 450 lbs. production guarantee per weaned calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price) = \$73,800 liability × .11 premium rate].

- (1) 100 reported calves × 450 lb. revenue protection guarantee per calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price = \$73,800 value of revenue protection guarantee.
- (3) 98 calves × 362 lb. actual weaning weight × \$1.76 per lb. harvest price = \$62,438 value of production to count.
- (5) \$73,800 - \$62,438 = \$11,362.
- (6) \$11,362 × 1.00 share = \$11,362 indemnity.

Example 3 Revenue Protection with Harvest price Exclusion (harvest price greater than projected price):

You have a 100 percent share in 100 calves reported on your calf report with a coverage level of 75%. Your production guarantee per weaned calf is 450 lbs. (600 lb. approved yield × 75 percent coverage

level). You elected the 100 percent price percentage. The projected price used to establish the value of your revenue protection guarantee for purposes of calculating premium is \$1.64 per lb. based on an approved yield of 600 lbs. The projected price of \$1.64 per lb. is used to establish the value of your revenue production guarantee for purposes of calculating the indemnity. Insured causes, including the death of 2 calves, reduced your production to count to 35,476 lbs. for the unit [98 weaned calves × 362 lbs. per weaned calf (actual weaning weight per weaned calf)]. The harvest price used to establish the value of your production to count is \$1.99 per lb. based on the weaning weight of 362 lbs. per weaned calf (35,476 lbs. total weaned weight for the unit ÷ 98 weaned calves).

The revenue protection premium due is \$5,904 [(100 reported calves × 450 lbs. production guarantee per weaned calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price) = \$73,800 liability × .08 premium rate].

- (1) 100 reported calves × 450 lb. production guarantee per calf × \$1.64 per lb. projected price = \$73,800 value of revenue protection guarantee.
- (3) 98 calves × 362 lb. actual weaning weight × \$1.99 per lb. harvest price = \$70,597 value of production to count.
- (5) \$73,800 - \$70,597 = \$3,203.
- (6) \$3,203 × 1.00 share = \$3,203 indemnity.

(c) The total production to count (in pounds) from all of the insurable commodity in the unit will include:

- (1) All appraised production as follows:
 - (i) For yield protection, not less than your production guarantee per weaned calf; or for revenue protection, not less than the amount of production that when multiplied by the harvest price equals the revenue protection guarantee (per calf) for the insured commodity:
 - (A) That is abandoned;
 - (B) Put to another use without our consent;
 - (C) Damaged solely by uninsured causes;
 - (D) For which you fail to provide records of production that are acceptable to us; or
 - (E) For which you fail to give us notice required in accordance with section 11(a) (2), (3), and (6), (b), (c), and (d) of these Commodity Provisions.
 - (ii) Production lost due to uninsured causes;
 - (iii) Potential production on the commodity that we give consent for abandonment, destruction, backgrounding, or early sale.
- (2) The total weaned calf weight for the insured commodity, is determined on the earlier of the date the actual weaned calf weight is determined or the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.
 - (i) If calves are weaned on different dates prior to the end of the insurance period based on backgrounding, the sale of the calves, the transfer of the calves to a finishing operation

(e.g., feed lot, etc.), or other transfer of ownership, the weaned weight will be the total of all weaned calf weights for all dates including any weaned weight determined on the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

- (ii) If calves are backgrounded before sale to an established sale/auction facility or buyer, the weight recorded on acceptable sale documents will be adjusted in accordance with RMA approved procedure from the date the calves are backgrounded. Any change in weight during the backgrounding period prior to sale will not be considered in determining the production to count.

13. Excluded Coverages

The following coverages and options contained in the Basic Provisions, or specified plans of coverage are not available under these Commodity Provisions:

- (a) Livestock Risk Protection (see the Special Provisions);
- (b) Section 9. Insurable Acreage;
- (c) Section 13. Replanting Payment;
- (d) Section 15. Production Included in Determining an Indemnity and Payment Reductions [except section 15(a), (c), and (j)];
- (e) Section 16. Late Planting;
- (f) Section 17. Prevented Planting;
- (g) Section 18. Written Agreements;
- (h) Section 34. Units
- (i) Section 36. Yield Options; and
- (j) Section 37. Organic Farming Practices.