

United States
Department of
Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

FCIC-25500 (08-2016)

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

2018 and Succeeding Crop Years

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY KANSAS CITY, MO 64133

TITLE: Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment	NUMBER: 25500
Standards Handbook	
EFFECTIVE DATE: 2018 and Succeeding	ISSUE DATE: August 25, 2016
Crop Years	
SUBJECT:	OPI: Product Administration and Standards Division
	APPROVED:
Provides the procedures and instructions for	
administering the Texas Citrus Fruit crop	/s/ Thomas W. Worth
insurance program	
	Acting Deputy Administrator for Product
	Management

REASON FOR ISSUANCE

Major changes: See changes or additions in text which have been highlighted in yellow. Three stars (***) identify information that has been removed.

- Revised the handbook to incorporate the most recent RMA approved format and standard language. Many
 paragraphs and sections within the handbook were rewritten or relocated to increase clarity and understanding.
 Throughout the handbook, references were revised to reflect the new handbook format, removal and
 rearrangement of various sections and tables. Throughout the amended pages, changes were made to correct
 spelling, punctuation, formatting and to correct subparagraph and section numbering.
- 2. Reformatted the handbook into Parts, paragraphs, subparagraphs, sections, subsections and exhibits in accordance with the new handbook standards format.
- 3. Revised the handbook to incorporate the changes to the CP that will be effective for the 2018 and succeeding crop years.
- 4. Paragraph 11: Removed the subparagraph containing information on the date insurance attaches.
- 5. Paragraph 13: Revised to allow insects and disease to be insurable causes of loss unless excluded or otherwise restricted through the SP, provided the loss of production is not due to damage resulting from insufficient or improper application of control measures as recommended by agricultural experts.
- 6. Paragraph 21: Removed the subparagraph containing information on the notice of damage. This information is in the BP and CP.
- 7. Paragraph 27: Clarified when separate appraisal worksheets are required.
- 8. Paragraph 41: Per the changes to the 2018 CP, revised the quality adjustment calculation for production that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes to use the Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP rather than the local market price.

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK REASON FOR ISSUANCE (Continued)

- 9. Paragraph 41: Removed procedure regarding the absence of local market price at loss time.
- 10. Exhibit 1: Added acronyms for "AIP" (Approved Insurance Provider), "CP" (Crop Provisions), "FCIC" (Federal Crop Insurance Corporation), "GPS" (Global Positioning Satellite), "GSH" (General Standards Handbook), "LAM" (Loss Adjustment Manual), "RMA" (Risk Management Agency), "PW" (Production Worksheet), and "SP" (Special Provisions).
- 11. Exhibit 2: Added the definition of "fruit size" and "intended use"; revised the definition of "crop year," "direct marketing," and "interplanted (acreage)"; and, removed the definition of "local market price".
- 12. Exhibit 4, item 32a: Revised the procedure for entering moisture % on the PW. For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 13. Exhibit 4, item 32b: Revised the procedure for entering the factor on the PW. For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 14. Exhibit 4, item 35: Revised the calculations for the quality factor of appraised production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes. Enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP for "harvested production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes."
- 15. Exhibit 4, item 48: Removed, "If no first crop or second crop is designated, MAKE NO ENTRY."
- 16. Exhibit 4, item 64a: Revised the procedure for entering value on the PW. For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 17. Exhibit 4, item 64(b): Revised the procedure for entering market price on the PW. For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
- 18. Exhibit 4, item 65: Revised the calculations of the quality factor for harvested production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes. Enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP for "harvested production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes."
- 19. Exhibit 4, item 72: Clarified the directions for calculating the entry for total APH production on the PW.
- 20. Exhibit 4, Production Worksheet Example (Fresh Fruit Claim): made necessary revisions/corrections.
- 21. Exhibit 5: Revised the trees per acre for a tree/row spacing of 14 ft. x 21 ft.

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

CONTROL CHART

Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook								
	TP Page(s)	TC Page(s)	Text Page(s)	Exhibits	Date	FCIC Number		
Remove		Entire F	Iandbook	07-2010	FCIC-25500			
Current Index	1-4	1-2	1-11	12-40	08-2016	FCIC-25500		

FILING INSTRUCTIONS:

This handbook replaces the 2012 Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook, FCIC-25500 (07-2010). This handbook is effective for the 2018 and succeeding crop years and is not retroactive to any 2017 or prior crop year determinations.

(RESERVED)

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK TABLE OF CONTENTS

D & D T 1 /	CENEDAL INFORMATION AND DECRONCIPH ITIES	PAGE NO.
PART I (GENERAL INFORMATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES	
1	General Information	1
2	AIP Responsibilities.	
3-10	(Reserved)	
PART 2 I	POLICY INFORMATION	
11	Insurability	3
12	Unit Division	3
13	Causes of Loss	
14	Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss	4
15	Production Guarantees	
16-2	20 (Reserved)	
PART 3	APPRAISALS	
21	General Appraisal Information	6
22	Acreage Determination	6
23	Selecting Representative Sample Trees	7
24	Appraisal Methods	
25	Deviations and Modifications	9
26	Handling Appraisal Discrepancies	9
27	General Information for Appraisal Worksheet Entries and Completion Procedures	10
28-4	40 (Reserved)	
PART 4 I	PRODUCTION WORKSHEET	
41	General Information for Production Worksheet Entries and Completion Information	11

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXHIB	TTC	PAGE NO.
EXHIB 1	Acronyms and Abbreviations	12
2	Definitions	
3	Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet	
4	Form Standards – Production Worksheet	
5	Tree Populations per Acre	
6	Representative Sample Requirements	
7	Fruit Size (Number of Citrus Fruit per Field Box)	
8	Converting percent juice per 40 pound sample to gallons of juice per ton	

PART 1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

1 General Information

A. Purpose and Objective

The RMA issued loss adjustment standards for this crop are the official standard requirements for adjusting losses in a uniform and timely manner. The RMA issued standards for this crop and crop year are in effect as of the signature date for this crop handbook located at www.rma.usda.gov/handbooks/25000/index.html.

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of either the entire handbook or selected portions (through amendments, bulletins, or FADs). If amendments are issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin or FAD can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent amendments.

B. Related Handbooks

The following table identifies handbooks that shall be used in conjunction with this handbook.

Handbook	Relation/Purpose			
CIH	Provides overall general underwriting process.			
DSSH	Provides the form standards and procedures for use in the sales and service of crop insurance contracts.			
GSH	Provides general crop insurance information.			
LAM	Provides overall general loss adjustment (not crop-specific) process.			

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions general (not crop specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the GSH.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions specific to Texas citrus fruit loss adjustment and this handbook are in exhibits 1 and 2, herein.

C. CAT Coverage

Refer to the CIH, GSH and LAM for provisions and procedures not applicable to CAT coverage.

2 AIP Responsibilities

A. Utilization of Standards

All AIPs shall utilize these standards for both loss adjustment and loss training for the applicable crop year. These standards, which include crop appraisal methods, claims completion instructions, and form standards, supplement the general (not crop-specific) loss adjustment standards identified in the LAM.

B. Form Distribution

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster and signed by the insured (or the insured's authorized representative) for the loss adjustment inspection.

- (1) One legible copy to the insured; and
- (2) The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the AIP.

C. Record Retention

It is the AIPs responsibility to maintain records (documents) as stated in the SRA and described in the LAM.

D. Form Standards

- (1) The entry items in exhibits 3 4 are the minimum requirements for the Appraisal Worksheets and the PW. All entry items are "Substantive" (they are required).
- (2) The Privacy Act and Non-Discrimination statements are required statements that must be printed on the form or provided to the insured as a separate document. These statements are not shown on the example form(s) in exhibits 3 4. The current Non-Discrimination Statement and Privacy Act Statement can be found on the RMA website at:

 http://www.rma.usda.gov/regs/required.html or successor website.
- (3) The certification statement required by the current DSSH must be included on the PW directly above the insured's signature block immediately followed by the statement below:
 - "I understand the certified information on this Production Worksheet will be used to determine my loss, if any, to the above unit. The insurance provider may audit and approve this information and supporting documentation. The Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, an agency of the United States, subsidizes and reinsures this crop insurance."
- (4) Refer to the DSSH for other crop insurance form requirements (such as point size of font, and so forth).

3-10 (Reserved)

PART 2 POLICY INFORMATION

The AIP determines the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. The Texas Citrus Fruit CP, which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to) the information set forth in this part.

11 Insurability

The following may not be a complete list of insurability requirements. Refer to the BP, CP, and SP for a complete list.

- (1) The crop insured will be all acreage of each citrus fruit crop designated in the SP the insured elects to insure that is grown in the county and for which premium rates are provided in the actuarial documents:
 - (a) In which the insured has a share;
 - (b) That is adapted to the area;
 - (c) That is irrigated;
 - (d) That has produced an average yield of at least three tons per acre the previous year, or that the AIP's appraised yield potential for the acreage is at least three tons per acre;
 - (e) That is grown in a grove that, if inspected, is considered acceptable by the AIP; and
 - (f) That is not sold by direct marketing, unless allowed by the SP or by written agreement.
- (2) A citrus fruit group interplanted with another perennial agricultural commodity is insurable unless the AIP inspects the acreage and determine it does not meet the requirements contained in the CP.

12 Unit Division

Refer to the insurance contract for unit provisions. Unless limited by the CP or SP, a basic unit, as defined in the BP and CP, may be divided into optional units if for each optional unit, all of the conditions stated in the applicable provisions are met.

13 Causes of Loss

- (1) Insurance is only provided against the following causes of loss that occur within the insurance period:
 - (a) Excess rain;
 - (b) Excess wind;
 - (c) Fire, unless weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed from the grove;
 - (d) Freeze

13 Causes of Loss (Continued)

- (e) Hail
- (f) Tornado
- (g) Wildlife;
- (h) Failure of the irrigation water supply if caused by an insured peril or drought that occurs during the insurance period; or
- (i) Insects and plant disease, unless excluded or otherwise restricted through the SPs, provided the loss of production is not due to damage resulting from insufficient or improper application of control measures as recommended by agricultural experts.
- (2) In addition to the causes of loss excluded in the BP, insurance is not provided for the inability to market citrus fruit for any reason other than actual physical damage from an insurable cause of loss (e.g., quarantine, boycott, or refusal of any person to accept production).

14 Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss

- (1) In accordance with the requirements of section 14 of the BP, the insured must leave representative samples. In lieu of the requirements of section 14(c)(3) of the BP, the AIP will determine which trees must remain unharvested so the trees may be inspected in accordance with these procedures.
- (2) Within the CP is a requirement that insureds file a "Notice of Damage or Loss" with the AIP unless the insurance period has ended prior to each of the following situations:
 - (a) At least 3 days prior to the date harvest should have started if the citrus crop will not be harvested.
 - (b) When direct marketing is authorized by the SP or a written agreement, at least 15 days before any production from any unit will be sold by direct marketing. In the event of the insured's failure to give timely notice that the production will be sold by direct marketing, apply an appraised amount of production to count of not less than the production guarantee per acre, if such failure results in the inability of the AIP to make the required appraisal.
 - (c) If the insured gave notice previously and intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, notice must be given at least 15 days prior to the beginning of harvest of the damaged production so that the AIP may inspect such unit.

Note: The insured must not sell or dispose of the damaged crop until after the AIP has given the insured written consent to do so. If the insured fails to meet the requirements listed above and such failure results in the AIP's inability to inspect the damaged production, all such production is to be considered undamaged and included as production to count.

15 Production Guarantees

The production guarantee per acre is progressive by stage and increases at specific intervals to the final stage production guarantee.

(1) The first stage begins on the date insurance attaches and extends through April 30 of the calendar year of normal bloom. The first stage production guarantee is 40 percent multiplied by the second stage production guarantee.

Example: The second stage guarantee is 4.90 tons/acre.

First stage production guarantee per acre = $0.40 \times 4.90 = 1.96 \text{ tons/acre.}$

(2) The second stage begins on May 1 of the calendar year of normal bloom and extends through the end of the insurance period. The second stage production guarantee is the APH yield per acre multiplied by the coverage level.

Example: The APH yield per acre for early oranges is 7.54 tons/acre. The coverage level is 65%. Second stage production guarantee per acre = $7.54 \times 0.65 = 4.90$ tons/acre.

(3) The crop year begins on November 20 of calendar year 1 and ends on May 30 of calendar year 3.

Use the three-year calendar below to determine the applicable stage at the time crop damage occurs:

2018* Crop Year Guarantee Stages

						O 0-00-00-00					
Calendar Year 1 (2016*)											
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
										Nov 21 Insurance a First Stage	

Calendar Year 2 (2017*)											
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
											
		April 30		May 1							
		end of First Stage		Second Stag	e begins						

Calendar	Calendar Year 3 (2018*)										
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
				<i>May 3<u>1</u></i>							
			end of	Second Stage							
			end of Insi	ırance Period							

^{*}Adjusters will need to update crop/calendar years for each successive crop year after 2018.

16-20 (Reserved)

PART 3 APPRAISALS

Potential production for all types of inspections will be appraised in accordance with procedures specified in this handbook and the LAM. Appraisals must not be made until an accurate appraisal of potential production can be made.

21 General Appraisal Information

- (1) Specifically for Texas citrus fruit, circumstances that require an appraisal include (but are not limited to when):
 - (a) The insured chooses not to harvest the acreage;
 - (b) Production remains on the trees which have been partially harvested;
 - (c) Verifiable production records may not be available (e.g., roadside markets, etc.); or
 - (d) Any production will be sold by direct marketing if direct marketing is specifically permitted by the SP or by a written agreement.

- (2) AIP representatives will set appraisal dates.
- (3) Whenever possible, appraise citrus fruit after the fruit drop period and before the fruit is removed from the trees.

22 Acreage Determination

A. General Information

Measure all citrus tree acreage based on land acres (i.e., planimetered, wheeled/taped, GPS, etc.) with deductions for non-crop areas or other uninsured acreage of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured citrus crop. Use the information below as a guideline for establishing grove boundary lines to measure land acres for grove inspections and loss adjustment purposes.

B. Establishing Grove Boundary Lines for Land Acreage Measurements

Establish a boundary line around the outside rows of trees in the grove/subgrove as described below:

(1) Length Measurements

On the outside row of trees on the long side of the grove, measure from the center of the tree trunk outwards on a perpendicular line to the row to a distance that is equal to ½ the distance between trees to establish the length boundary line.

(2) Width Measurements

On the outside row of trees on the wide side of the grove, measure from the center of the tree trunk outwards on a perpendicular line to the row to a distance that is equal to ½ the distance between tree rows to establish the width boundary line.

B. Establishing Grove Boundary Lines for Land Acreage Measurements (Continued)

(3) Roads as Boundary Lines

Whenever a road forms a grove/subgrove boundary, the boundary line will be ½ of the spacing between tree rows not to exceed the center of the road as the boundary line.

- (4) Land Acre Deductions
 - (a) Deduct any non-crop areas such as the width of canals and picking lanes only when such widths exceed the established tree row spacing, do not deduct for bench leveling.
 - (b) Deduct any uninsurable acreage (e.g., any acreage of trees of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured crop for the unit, etc.).

Measure the grove/subgrove boundary lines to determine the number of land acres (refer to the LAM for information on measuring acreage).

Example: An early orange grove trees are planted 15 feet apart within each row and 25 feet apart between rows. On the long side of the grove, measure 7.5 feet from the center of the trunk outwards to establish the length boundary line. On the wide side of the grove, measure 12.5 feet from the center of the trunk outwards to establish the width boundary line.

23 Selecting Representative Sample Trees

Make a general examination of all acreage in the grove or subgrove before selecting sample trees. Determine the number and general location of insured trees to be used in the representative sample as follows:

- (1) Total acreage of the insured crop (less acreage or trees of any other perennial crops interplanted with the insured crop) and the number of insurable trees.
- (2) Age and general capabilities of the trees.
- (3) Extent of variation in the amount of production or damage to fruit on trees within the acreage. When damage is not uniform, more trees may be required for appraising.
 - (a) Include different age or size of trees, if applicable. Never use weaker than average trees.
 - (b) Consider variation in elevation of the ground.
 - (c) Observe the location of fruit on the trees.
 - (d) Select sample trees from a representative number of rows in the grove. Split the grove into subgroves and appraise each subgrove when there are significant differences within the same grove or the insured intends to destroy part of the grove. See exhibit 6, herein for representative sample tree requirements.

23 Selecting Representative Sample Trees (Continued)

- (4) Exclude as representative sample trees any trees that:
 - (a) Have been abandoned;
 - (b) Have been damaged by uninsured causes (e.g., mechanical damage, chemical damage, etc.);
 - (c) The insured failed to provide acceptable production records; or
 - (d) The insured failed to meet the notification requirements for production sold by direct marketing.
- (5) Exclude, as representative sample trees, any trees of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured citrus fruit crop. Verify that any interplanted citrus fruit acreage was inspected, and such acreage had met the requirements for insurance to attach.

24 Appraisal Methods

A. General Information

(1) These instructions provide information on appraisal methods for:

Appraisal Method	Use
Fruit Count Appraisal Method	To determining the amount of fruit loss on insured acreage.
Weight Appraisal Method	To determine the potential amount of citrus fruit production that will not be harvested in a timely manner or that is left on the trees after the end of the insurance period.

(2) Consider any citrus fruit on the ground that is not harvested (or is unmarketable either as fresh fruit or juice because it is immature, unwholesome, decomposed, adulterated, or otherwise unfit for human consumption) as totally lost, if damaged by an insurable cause.

B. Fruit Count Appraisal Method

- (1) Use the procedures in paragraph 23 and exhibit 6, herein to select representative sample trees.
- (2) Count all of the marketable citrus fruit on each sample tree and any marketable fruit on the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable.
 - (a) Record the fruit-count from each sample tree in Part I of the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet (Texas), hereafter referred to as the appraisal worksheet.
 - (b) Tally fruit counts from all representative sample trees.
- (3) Convert the total fruit count from all representative sample trees to tons per acre as described in exhibit 3, herein.

C. Weight Appraisal Method

- (1) Walk through the entire grove to visually analyze crop damage due to insurable causes. Observe the following:
 - (a) Number of trees with unpicked fruit;
 - (b) Number of trees "ring" or "color" picked;
 - (c) Number of trees harvested clean;
 - (d) Whether or not damage is uniform; and
 - (e) The extent and variation of damage. If damaged by freeze, note the extent of damage variation according to location of damaged fruit on the trees.
- (2) Select representative sample trees based on the grove analysis outlined in step 1 above, paragraph 23, and exhibit 6, herein.
- (3) Pick all of the fruit from each representative sample tree including any fruit from the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable, that would be acceptable by the processor for processing as juice.
- (4) Weigh the fruit from each sample and record weight in pounds, to tenths on the appraisal worksheet.
- (5) Tally the fruit weights in pounds to tenths from all sample trees.

25 Deviations and Modifications

- (1) Deviations in appraisal methods require RMA written authorization (as described in the LAM) prior to implementation.
- (2) There are no pre-established appraisal modifications contained in this handbook, refer to the LAM for additional information.

26 Handling Appraisal Discrepancies

If the insured disagrees with the appraisal, make arrangements for leaving representative trees UNHARVESTED and for inspecting those trees when the citrus fruit is ready to harvest.

- (1) The adjuster and insured should jointly determine the trees to be selected for this representative sample. Make a sketch map of the unit/grove/subgrove and sample trees by row number and tree count within the chosen row.
- (2) The adjuster should physically mark or tag trees selected for appraisals to verify exact location of sample trees in the unit/grove/subgrove.
- (3) An adjuster must be present when the representative trees are harvested.

26 Handling Appraisal Discrepancies (Continued)

If an insured refuses to sign appraisal worksheet(s) refer to the LAM for information on unusual/controversial cases.

27 General Information for Appraisal Worksheet Entries and Completion Procedures

- (1) Include the AIP's name in the appraisal worksheet title if it is not preprinted on the AIP's worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the AIP) when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (3) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit, commodity type, and varying tree densities inspected, as applicable and for acreage within a unit damaged solely by uninsured causes. Refer to paragraph 23 herein for sampling instructions.
- (4) For every inspection complete items 1 through 9 and items 34 through 36 on the appraisal worksheet (see exhibit 3). For fruit count appraisals complete Part I of the appraisal worksheet. For weight appraisals complete Part II of the appraisal worksheet.
- (5) Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in exhibit 3 below. Example appraisal worksheets are provided to illustrate how to complete item entries.

28-40 (Reserved)

PART 4 PRODUCTION WORKSHEET

41 General Information for Production Worksheet Entries and Completion Information

- (1) The PW is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections (including "No Indemnity Due" claims) on a unit.
- (2) If a PW has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed. If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line. The adjuster and insured should initial any line deletions.
- (3) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding the following:
 - (a) Acreage report errors.
 - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims.
 - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage) and cases involving uninsured causes of loss, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation.
 - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reasons as described in the LAM).
 - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an APPRAISAL or NOTIFICATION from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee).
- (4) The adjuster is responsible for determining if any of the insured's requirements under the notice and claim provisions of the policy have not been met. If any have not, the adjuster should contact the AIP.
- (5) Instructions labeled "**PRELIMINARY**" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "**FINAL**" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to ALL inspections.
- (6) For quality adjustment calculations of production that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, use the Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP.
- (7) Any production will be considered marketed or marketable as fresh fruit unless, due to insured causes, such production was not marketed as fresh fruit.
- (8) In the absence of acceptable records of disposition of harvested citrus fruit, the disposition and amount of production to count for the unit will be the guarantee on the unit.
- (9) Any citrus fruit on the ground that is not harvested will be considered totally lost if damaged by insured causes of loss.
- (10) Refer to subsection 15B of the Basic Provisions for information on determining production to count on acreage that is harvested after it has been appraised.
- (11) The PW has no entries for stage guarantees. Be sure to use the applicable 1st or 2nd stage guarantee to calculate the claim for indemnity for any citrus acreage damaged by insured causes.

The following table provides the acronyms and abbreviations used in this handbook.

Approved	Term
Acronym/Abbreviation	
AIP	Approved Insurance Provider
CAT	Catastrophic Risk Protection
CIH	Crop Insurance Handbook
CP	Crop Provisions
DSSH	Document and Supplemental Standards Handbook
FCIC	Federal Crop Insurance Corporation
GPS	Global Positioning System
GSH	General Standards Handbook
LAM	Loss Adjustments Manual
RMA	Risk Management Agency
PW	Production Worksheet
SP	Special Provisions

<u>Crop Year</u> – A crop year is the period beginning with the date insurance attaches to the <u>insured</u> crop and extending through the normal harvest time. The crop year is designated by the calendar year following the year in which the bloom is normally set.

<u>Direct Marketing</u> – Direct marketing is the sale of the insured crop directly to consumers without the intervention of an intermediary, such as a wholesaler, retailer, packer, processor, shipper, or buyer. Examples of direct marketing include selling through an on-farm or roadside stand, farmer's market, and permitting the general public to enter the field for the purpose of picking all or a portion of the insured crop.

<u>Fruit Size</u> - Fruit size is the number of fruit per field box.

<u>Harvest</u> – Harvest is the severance of mature citrus from the tree by pulling, picking, or any other means, or by collecting marketable fruit from the ground.

<u>Intended use</u> – Intended use is the insured's expected end use or disposition of the commodity at the time the commodity is reported. Insurable intended uses will be specified in the SP.

<u>Interplanted (acreage)</u> – Interplanted acreage is acreage on which two or more agricultural commodities are planted in any form of alternating or mixed planting pattern and at least one of these agricultural commodities constitutes an insured crop under the CP.

<u>Production Guarantee Stages</u> – The <u>CP</u> provide for production guarantees by stage of crop development. The first stage begins when insurance attaches and extends through April 30 of the calendar year of normal bloom. The second stage begins on May 1 of the calendar year of normal bloom and extends through end of the insurance period.

<u>Production Guarantee per Acre</u> - The first stage production guarantee is determined by multiplying the second stage guarantee by 40 percent. The second stage production guarantee of citrus fruit (in tons) is determined by multiplying the APH yield per acre by the coverage level elected by the insured.

Verify and/or make the following entries for each appraisal worksheet element/item number. A completed appraisal worksheet example is at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 27.

	Part I – Appraisal Fruit Count Method					
	Element/Item Number	Standard				
	Company	Name of AIP if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).				
	Claim Number	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.				
1.	Insured's Name	Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to				
		whom the policy is issued.				
2.	Policy Number	Insured's assigned policy number.				
3.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year as defined in the policy for which the claim has				
		been filed.				
4.	Unit Number	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be				
		correct.				
5.	Unit Acreage	Number of determined acres, to tenths, in the unit being appraised (see				
		paragraph 12, herein).				
6.	Crop Name & Type	Crop name (e.g., Early & Midseason Oranges, Late Oranges, All Other				
		Grapefruit, Ruby Red Grapefruit, or Rio Red & Star Ruby Grapefruit)				
		and type code (e.g., "101" for fresh or "102" for juice).				
7.	Cause & Date of Damage	The insured cause of damage and date of damage as first three letters of				
		the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including				
		progressive damage) occurred. Include SPECIFIC DATE where				
		applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., "Jan 10, YYYY," etc.).				
8.	Planting Pattern	Line through heading and enter "Tree Spacing." The spacing between				
		trees and between rows of trees in whole feet (e.g., trees are planted 16				
		feet apart in the row and rows are planted 25 feet apart, enter 16 x 25).				
9.	Trees in Unit	Use the tree spacing in item 8, exhibit 5, current Producer's Pre-				
		acceptance Worksheet, Pre-acceptance Perennial Crop Inspection				
		Report, and/or addendum worksheets, as applicable, to determine the				
		number of insurable trees in the unit. Refer to LAM for additional				
		instructions on determining the number of trees per acre.				
	Trees in Grove/Subgrove	The number of insurable trees in the grove or sub-grove appraised.				
	Appraised					
10.	Grove ID	Grove/subgrove identification number.				
	Acres	Number of grove/subgrove acres rounded to tenths (see paragraph 12,				
		herein).				

	Element/Item Number	Standard
11.	Number of Fruit per Tree	a) Determine the number of representative sample trees based on
	•	acreage (item 10), the number of trees in the grove/subgrove (item
		9), and exhibit 6, herein.
		b) Count and record the number of marketable citrus fruit per sample
		tree and any marketable fruit on the ground within the drip line of
12.	Total Fruit	the sample tree, as applicable. Total of all item 11 entries in whole fruit.
13.	Total Fruit	Total of all item 12 entries.
14.	No. Trees Sampled	Total number of sample trees from item 11.
15.	Average Fruit/Tree	Item 13 divided by item 14, results rounded to tenths.
16.	Fruit Size	Select and record the "Fruit Size" for the citrus crop from exhibit 7.
17.	Field Boxes per Tree	Item 15 divided by item 16, results in boxes rounded to hundredths.
18.	Trees per Acre	Item 9 (trees in grove/subgrove appraised) divided by item 10 (grove
10.	Trees per Acre	acres), results rounded to whole trees (e.g., 752 trees \div 6.9 acres = 109
		tree/acre).
19.	Total Boxes	Item 17 multiplied by item 18, results in boxes rounded to tenths.
20.	Lbs./Box	Enter 90.0 pounds/box for oranges, or 85.0 pounds/box for grapefruit,
20.	Los. Dox	as applicable.
21.	Total Lbs.	Item 19 multiplied by item 20, results in whole pounds.
22.	Lbs./Ton	Enter "2,000" if not preprinted on worksheet.
23.	Tons per Acre	Item 21 divided by item 22, results in tons rounded to tenths.
	1	
		(1) For insured cause appraisals: Transfer this entry to column 31
		"Appraised Production" on the PW for insured cause appraisals,
		or
		(2) For unincomed course enqueicales Multiply this emount by
		(2) For uninsured cause appraisals: Multiply this amount by appraised acres in item 10 and transfer results to column 37
		"Uninsured Causes" on the PW.
	P	art II – Weight Appraisal Method
24.	Grove ID	Grove/subgrove identification number.
	0101011	Store, subgrove rachimountain number.
	Acres	Number of grove/subgrove acres rounded to tenths (refer to paragraph
		12, herein).
25.	Potential in Pounds per Tree	(1) Determine the number of representative sample trees based on
	-	acreage (item 24), the number of trees in the grove/subgrove (item
		9), and exhibit 6, herein
		(2) Pick and weigh all of the fruit from each sample tree including any
		fruit from the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as
		applicable, that would be acceptable by the processor for
		processing as juice. Enter weight of such fruit in pounds rounded
		to tenths.
		to tentile.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
26.	Total Pounds	Total all item 25 entries in pounds rounded to tenths.
27.	Total Pounds	Total of all item 26 entries.
28.	No. Trees Sampled	Total number of sample trees from item 25.
29.	Average Lbs. per Tree	Item 27 divided by item 28, results in pounds rounded to tenths.
30.	Trees per Acre	Item 9 (trees in grove/subgrove appraised) divided by item 24 (grove
		acres), results rounded to whole trees (e.g., 2,496 trees ÷ 22.9 acres =
		109 tree/acre).
31.	Total Lbs. per Acre	Item 29 multiplied by item 30, results rounded to whole pounds.
32.	Lbs. per Ton	Enter "2,000" if not preprinted on worksheet.
33.	Tons per Acre	Item 31 divided by item 32, results in tons rounded to tenths.
		(a) For insured cause appraisals: Transfer this entry to column 31 "Appraised Production" on the PW for insured cause appraisals, or
		(b) For uninsured cause appraisals: Multiply this amount by appraised acres in item 10 and transfer results to column 37 "Uninsured Causes" on the PW.
		Narrative: Insert information pertinent to the appraisal (e.g., any
		acreage of other uninsurable interplanted trees, trees
		damaged by uninsured causes, uninsured causes of
		damage, average fruit size calculations, etc.).
		are not illustrated on the Appraisal Worksheet examples below.
34.	Adjuster's Signature, Code	Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured
	No., and Date	(or insured's authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is
		performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the
		Narrative section of the appraisal worksheet (if available); otherwise,
		document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the PW.
35.	Insured's Signature and Date	Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date.
		BEFORE obtaining the insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES
		on the appraisal worksheet WITH THE INSURED or insured's
		authorized representative, particularly explaining codes, etc., that may
26	D W 1	not be readily understood.
36.	Page Numbers	Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

						For Illu	stration Purpo	oses Only	,							
COMPANY:	Any C	Company											CLAIM	NUMBER:	X	XXXXXX
				1. INSURE	D'S NAME	7				2 PO	LICY NU	IMRER			3. CRO	PVEAR
				1. INSURE	D D IVANIL		Insured			2. 10	LIC I IVC	XXX	VVV			YYYY
				4. UNIT NU	IMRER	1. 1/1.	5. UNIT ACRI	FAGE		6 CR	OP NAM	F & TY	PF			1111
	USTER'S			0001	-0001Bl			28.9		0. CK				& Midsea	son (Fi	<mark>esh)</mark>
\	VORKSH			7. CAUSE	& DATE O	F DAMA	GE			8. PL.	ANTING	PATTEI	RN-Tree S	Spacing		
	(TEXAS	S)			Fr	eeze Jo	an. 10, YYY	Y						x 25		
				9. TREES I			= 0, = = =			TREE	S IN GRO	OVE/SUI	BGROVE AF	PRAISED		
						_	<mark>3,150</mark>							752		
		_			(2)	PART	'I APPRAISAL		OUNT MET	THOD						
GROVE ID 10	ACRES]	1 NUMBER OF FE	-	TREE						ТО	12 TAL FRUIT
4	(0	39	24	40	52	27										102
A	6.9	39	24	40	52	27										182
13.	14.	1	15.	16.	- 1	17.	18.		19.		20.		21.		22.	23
TOTAL	NO. TREE	S AVI	ERAGE	FRUIT	FIE	LD BOXI		PER	TOTAL		LBS./		TOTAL		.2.	TONS
FRUIT	SAMPLEI		T/TREE	SIZE	P.	ER TREE	ACRI	E	BOXES		BOX		LBS	LBS	/TON	PER ACRE
182	÷ 5	= 3	6.4 ÷	126	=	0.29	x 109	=	31.6	X	90.0	=	2,844	÷ 2.0	000 =	- 1.4
102				120		0.27	107		0110		7010		2,011		300	117
						(3)	PART II WI	EIGHT MI	ETHOD							
24.								25 25	DED TREE						TO	26
GROVE ID	ACRES			1		P	OTENTIAL IN I	POUNDS P	ER TREE	-	1				TC	TAL POUNDS
27.		28		4 7 7 7	29.		30.	DED	~	31.	DC		32.			33.
TOTAL NO. TREES SAMPLED					RAGE LBS ER TREE	D:	TREES I			OTAL LI PER ACF			LBS. PER	TON	TON	S PER ACRE
													2,000)		
	÷			=		Х			=			÷		=		
NARRATIVE																

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.).

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet (Continued)

					F	or Illustra	tion Purpo	ses Only							
COMPANY:	Anv C	ompany					_					CLAIM NUN	MRFR.	XXXXX	XXX
COMPANT.	11111 0	ompuny										CL/IIIVI IVOI	VIDER.	*********	12121
				1. INSUREI	D'S NAME					2. POLIC	Y NUMBER		3	. CROP YEAR	3
						I. M. In	sured				XXX	XXXX		YYY	Y
	HOWER NO.	OLED IIO		4. UNIT NU			UNIT ACRE	AGE		6. CROP	NAME & TY	PE	<u> </u>		
	USTER'S			0002-0001BU 35.0						Oranges	s – Early & I	<mark>Midseas</mark> o	n (Juice)		
\	VORKSH			7. CAUSE &	& DATE OF	DAMAGE				8. PLANT	ING PATTE	_{RN} Tree Spa	cing		
	(TEXAS	5)			Fre	eze Jan.	10, YYYY	7				16 x	_		
			-	9. TREES II			,			TREES IN	GROVE/SU	BGROVE APPRA			
						3,81	15					2,49	96		
			•		(4)	PART I A	PPRAISAL 1	FRUIT CO	UNT METI	HOD					
10 11								12 TOTAL FI	RUIT						
13.	14.	<u> </u>	15.	16.	1	17.	18.		19.	2	0.	21.	22.	<u> </u>	23
TOTAL	NO. TREES	AVE	ERAGE	FRUIT		D BOXES	TREES P.		TOTAL	LE	BS./	TOTAL			TONS
FRUIT	SAMPLED	FRUI	T/TREE	SIZE	PEI	R TREE	ACRE		BOXES	BO	OX	LBS	LBS/TO	ON PE	R ACRE
													2,00	n	
	÷	=	=	-	=		X	=		X	=	+	÷ 2,00	=	
24.		1				(5)	PART II WE	IGHT MET 25	HOD					26	6
GROVE ID	ACRES					РОТ	ENTIAL IN F		R TREE					TOTAL P	
\boldsymbol{A}	22.9	22.5	22.0	24.0	20.5	21.0	23.8	22.3						156	i.1
									+	_					
27.		28.			29.		30.			31.		32.		33.	
TOTAL POUNDS		NO. TR SAMP			RAGE LBS. ER TREE		TREES P ACRE			OTAL LBS. ER ACRE		LBS. PER TON	N	TONS PER	ACRE
2 3 3 1 1 2 1	-	~		1					<u> </u>						
15/ 1	 	~			12.2	•	100		 =	2,431		2,000	 =	-	2
156.1	÷	7		_	22.3	X	109		_	2.4.51	÷	2.000	_	1.	.2
NARRATIVE												-,			-

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.).

Verify and/or make the following entries for each PW element/item number. A completed PW for citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit and citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice are at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 41.

F	Clement/Item Number	Standard
1.	Crop/ Code #	Enter the applicable crop name and code number as listed below:
		"Early & Midseason Oranges" (0224), "Late Oranges" (0225), "All Other Grapefruit" (0226), "Ruby Red Grapefruit" (0228), "Rio Red & Star Ruby Grapefruit" (0238).
2.	Unit #	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct.
3.	Location Description	Land location that identifies, if available, the location of the unit (e.g., section, township, and range; FSA Farm Serial Numbers; FSA Common Land Units (CLU) and tract numbers; GPS identifications; or Grid identifications) as applicable for the crop.
4.	Date(s) of Damage	First three letters of the month(s) during which the determined insured damage occurred for the inspection and cause(s) of damage listed in item 5. If no entry in item 5 below MAKE NO ENTRY. For progressive damage, enter in chronological order the month that identifies when the majority of the insured damage occurred. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., "Jan 10"). Enter additional dates of damage in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document additional dates of damage in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below. If there is no insurable cause of loss, and a no indemnity due claim will be completed, MAKE NO ENTRY.
5.	Cause(s) of Loss	Name of the determined insured cause(s) of loss as listed in the LAM for the date of damage listed in item 4 above for this inspection. If an insured cause(s) of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the Narrative. Enter additional causes of damage in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document the additional determined insured causes of loss in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below. If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NO INDEMNITY DUE" across the columns in item 5 (refer to the LAM for more information on no indemnity due claims). If the claim is denied, enter "DC" and refer to the LAM for further instructions.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
6.	Insured Cause %	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Final : Whole percent of damage for the insured cause of damage listed in item 5 above for this inspection. Enter additional "Insured Cause %" in the extra spaces, as needed. If additional space is needed, enter the additional determined "Insured Cause %" in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). The total of all "Insured Cause %" including those entered in the Narrative must equal 100%.
		If there is no insurable cause of loss, and a no indemnity due claim will be completed, MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Example : Entries for items 4 – 6 and the Narrative, reflecting entries for multiple dates of damage, the corresponding insured causes of damage, and insured cause percentages:
7.	Company/Agency	Name of the AIP and agency servicing the contract.
8.	Name of Insured	Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to
		whom the policy is issued.
9.	Claim #	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.
10.	Policy #	Insured's assigned policy number.
11.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.
12.	Additional Units	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY. Final: Unit number(s) for all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a PW has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single PW.
		If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers, identified as "Non-Loss Units," in the Narrative or on an attached Special Report.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard							
13.	Est. Prod. Per Acre	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.							
		Final : Estimated yield per acre, in tons to tenths, of all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.							
14.	Date(s) Notice of Loss	Preliminary:							
		(a) Date the first or second notice of damage or loss was given for the unit in item 2, in the 1st or 2nd space, as applicable. Enter the complete date (MM, DD, and YYYY) for each notice.							
		(b) A notice of damage or loss for a third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of PWs. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set of PWs.							
		(c) Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of PWs for the date of notice for the final inspection.							
		(d) If the inspection is initiated by the AIP, enter "Company Insp." instead of the date.							
		(e) If the notice does not require an inspection, document as directed in the Narrative instructions.							
		Final: Transfer the last date (in the 1st or 2nd space from the first or second set of PWs) to the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of PWs if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice (MM/DD/YYYY) for the FINAL inspection in the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of PWs. For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.							
15.	Companion Policy(s)	(a) If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has 100 percent share), MAKE NO ENTRY.							
		(b) In all cases where the insured has LESS than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the OTHER person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "NONE."							
		(1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the SAME AIP services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to AIP instructions.							

Element/Item Number		Standard
15. Companion Policy(s)	(2) If the OTHER person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract
(Continued)		and a DIFFERENT AIP or agent services it, enter the name of the
		AIP and/or agent (and contract number) if known.
	(3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown" and contact the AIP for further instructions.
	(c) Re	efer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

Section I – Determined Acreage Appraised, Production, and Adjustments

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Rate classes, types, irrigated practices, or organic practices, as applicable;
- (2) APH yields;
- (3) Appraisals;
- (4) Adjustments to appraised production;
- (5) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (6) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (7) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
16.	Field ID	The grove/subgrove identification symbol from the appraisal worksheet, sketch
		map, or aerial photograph, as applicable. Refer to the Narrative instructions.
17.	Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop. Refer to the LAM
		for instructions regarding entry of first and second crop codes.
18.	Reported Acres	In the event of over-reported acres, handle in accordance with the individual
		AIP's instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, enter the reported
		acres to tenths for the grove or sub-grove. If there are no under-reported acres
		MAKE NO ENTRY. Refer to the LAM or CIH for acreage determination
		instructions specific to perennial crops.
19.	Determined Acres	Refer to the LAM for definition of acceptable determined acres for perennial
		crops used herein. Determined acres to tenths for which consent is given for
		other use and/or:
		(a) Put to other use without consent;
		(b) Abandanad
		(b) Abandoned;
		(c) Damaged by uninsured causes;

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
19.	Determined Acres	(d) For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production;
	(Continued)	or
		(e) From which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed
		to meet the requirements contained in the CPs.
		to meet the requirements contained in the or s.
		Final : Determined acres to tenths. Acreage breakdowns within a unit may be
		estimated (refer to the LAM) if a determination is impractical. Account for all
		planted acreage in the unit.
20.	Interest or Share	Insured's interest in the crop to three decimal places as determined at the time
2.1		of inspection. If shares vary on the same UNIT, use separate line entries.
21.	TT.	MAKE NO ENTRY.
22.	Type	Type: Three-digit code number (e.g., 101 for fresh or 102 for processing),
		entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the type grown by the insured.
23.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
24.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
25.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
26.	Irr. Practice	Three-digit code number (e.g., 002), entered exactly as specified on the
		actuarial documents for the irrigated practice carried out by the insured.
27.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
28.	Organic Practice	Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial
		documents for the organic practice carried out by the insured. If "No Organic
		Practice Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate
		three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If an organic practice is not specified on the actuarial documents, MAKE NO ENTRY.
29.	Stage	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
2).	Stage	Tremminary. White It's Extiter.
		Final: Stage abbreviation as shown below:
		Stage <u>Explanation</u>
		"1st"Begins on the date insurance attached and extends through
		April 30 of the calendar year of normal bloom.
		"2 nd "Begins on May 1 of the calendar year of normal bloom and
		extends through the end of the insurance period.
		"P" Acreage abandoned without consent, damaged solely by
		uninsured causes, or for which the insured failed to provide
		records of production which are acceptable to the AIP, or
		from which production was sold by direct marketing and the
		insured failed to give the timely 15 day notice requirement
		that production would be sold by direct marketing (lack of timely notice affected the ability of the AIP to make the
		required appraisal).
		redamen akkraisan).

Element/Ite	m Number	Standard					
29. Stage (Co	ontinued)	Final (Continued):					
		Any acreage of the citrus crop damaged in the first stage to the extent that the majority of producers in the area would not further maintain the citrus crop, enter "1st" in column 29.					
		Any acreage of the citrus crop damaged in the first stage to the extent that a majority of the producers in the area would maintain the citrus crop for harvest, enter "2nd" in column 29.					
		Gleaned acreage: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.					
30. Use of A	creage	Use the following abbreviations:					
		Use "Trees removed," "Grove replanted," etc					
		Verify any "Use of Acreage" entry. If the final use of the acreage was not as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. Enter all data on a new line showing the correct "Use of Acreage." Gleaned acreage: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.					
31. Appraise	d Potential	Transfer the per-acre appraisal in tons from item 23 or 33 on the appraisal worksheet.					
		If there is no potential on UH acreage, enter "0.0". Refer to the LAM for Zero Appraisal Documentation.					

Element/Item Number	Standard
32a. Moisture %	Make the following entries, as applicable:
	(a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, and due to insurable causes, does not contain 120 or more gallons of juice per ton, enter such gallons of juice per ton (see exhibit 8 for information on calculating gallons of juice per ton). Round gallons to tenths.
	(b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
	(c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
32b. Factor	Make the following entries, as applicable:
	(a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, enter 120.0 gallons when there is an entry in column 32a.
	(b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.(c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
33.	MAKE NO ENTRY
34. Production Pre QA	Column 19 multiplied by column 31, results in tons rounded to tenths.
35. Quality Factor	Make the following entries, as applicable:
	(a) For appraised production of citrus fruit with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, column 32a divided by column 32b. Round to three decimal places.
	(b) For appraised production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP.
	(c) For appraisals without quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
	Include a copy of all supporting documentation in the insured's claim file. For additional quality adjustment definitions, instructions, documentation, qualifications, and testing requirements, refer to the LAM. Also refer to the quality adjustment instructions in the Narrative, herein.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard											
36.	Production Post-QA	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:											
		(a) For appraisals with quality adjustment, column 34 multiplied by column 35.											
		(b) For all appraisals without quality adjustment, transfer entry from column 34.											
37.	Unins. Causes	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:											
		Result of appraisal for uninsured cause(s) appraisal (taken from item 23 or 33 on the appraisal worksheet). If no uninsured causes MAKE NO ENTRY.											
		(a) Hail and Fire exclusion NOT in effect.											
		(1) Enter NOT LESS than the insured's production guarantee per acre in tons rounded to tenths, for the line, (calculated by multiplying the elected coverage level percentage times the approved APH yield per acre shown on the APH form) for any "P" stage acreage. On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged SOLELY by uninsured causes separate from other production.											
		(2) For acreage that is damaged PARTLY by uninsured causes, enter the APPRAISED UNINSURED loss of production per acre in tons rounded to tenths, for any such acreage. Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding assessing uninsured cause appraisals.											
		(b) Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.											
		(c) Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to hail and fire exclusion appraisals.											
		(d) For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.											
38.	Total to Count	Result of adding item 36 and item 37.											
39.	Total	Total of all column 19 entries in acres.											

Element/Item Number	Standard												
40. Quality		Check the applicable qualifying quality adjustment condition(s) affecting the unit's appraised and harvested production (refer to the CP and SP) in the table below.											
	Qual	ifying Quality Adjustment Conditions											
	TW (Test Weight)	Dark Roast											
	KD (Total Defects)	Sclerotinia											
	Aflatoxin	Ergoty											
	Vomitoxin	CoFo (Commercially Objectionable Foreign Odor)											
	Fumonisin	Other											
	Garlicky	None											
	or on a Special F												
	condition location of	the level for each qualifying quality adjustment as indicated by approved test results, and the name and feach testing facility that verifies the presence of the quality adjustment condition and the date(s) of such											
	copy of the	e documentation included in the claim file" (e.g., include e test facility certificate, grade certificate, summary or sheet, etc., that documents the quality adjustment).											
		cked, in addition to the above documentation cument in the Narrative or on a Special Report:											
	(1) A descript	ion of the qualifying quality adjustment conditions, and											
		of the controlling authority that considers this qualifying ustment condition to be injurious to human or animal why.											
	(c) Check "None" if	none of the production qualifies for quality adjustment.											

E	lement/Item Number	Standard								
41.	Mycotoxins Exceed	Check "Yes" if any mycotoxins listed in item 40 (including any identified as								
	FDA, State, or Other	"Other") exceed the FDA, state, or other health organization maximum limits;								
	Health Organization	otherwise, leave blank.								
	Maximum Limits									
		Document in the Narrative or on a Special Report the disposition of the production that was:								
		(a) Sold, document the name and address of the buyer; or								
		(b) Not sold, document the date(s) of such disposition, how the production was used, or how such production was destroyed.								
		Refer to the LAM for additional information on mycotoxins.								
42.	Totals	Total of columns 34, 36, 37, and 38. If a column has no entries, MAKE NO								
		ENTRY.								

Narrative Instructions

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the PW.

a.	If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No Acreage Released," adjuster's initials, and date.
b.	If notice of damage was given and no inspection is necessary, enter "No Inspection," the unit
	number(s), date, and adjuster's initials (do not enter unit numbers for which notice has not been given).
	The insured's signature is not required.
c.	Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
d.	If there is an appraisal in column "37" for uninsured causes due to a hail/fire exclusion, show the
	original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.
e.	Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster's signature date
	on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal is not recorded on the appraisal worksheet.
f.	State that there is "No Other Fire Insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop and it is
	determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
g.	Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.
h.	Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
i.	Explain any entry for "Production Not to Count" in column "62," and/or any production not included
	in column "56" (e.g., harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately
	from the insured acreage in the unit).
j.	Explain a "No" checked in item "44."
k.	Attach a sketch map or aerial photograph to identify the total unit:
	(1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use;
	(2) If uninsured causes are present; or
	(3) For unusual or controversial cases.
l.	Explain any difference between inspection and signature dates. For an ABSENTEE insured, enter the
	date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the PW for signature.

m.	When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the code
	number of the other adjuster or supervisor and date of inspection.
n.	Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed
	in accordance with the AIP's instructions.
О.	Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
p.	Document any authorized estimated acres shown in column "19" as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by AIP MM/DD/YYYY."
q.	Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the LAM.
r.	For production that qualified for quality adjustment, include a copy of all supporting documentation in the insured's claim file.
	(1) Indicate if the quality factor was determined from a juice test, individual records, an average juice content from the nearest juice plant, etc.
	(2) Explain any "0.000" quality adjustment factor entered in column 35 and column 65.
	(3) Document any substances or conditions that are identified as being harmful to human or animal health that are allowed for quality adjustment as well as any which are not allowed.
	(4) Document all calculations used to determine quality adjustment factors.
	(5) Refer to the LAM for additional documentation requirements.
s.	Explain if there is no market value for any appraised potential of citrus.
t.	Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss specified in the policy that prevented the control measures taken to be ineffective or for which there is no effective control mechanism available and sources contacted to verify that an effective control mechanism is not available.
u.	Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed in accordance with the AIP instructions.
v.	Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
W.	Document any other pertinent information, including any data to support any factors used to calculate the production.

Section II – Determined Harvested Production

- (1) When all acreage has been harvested, determine total production from warehouse receipts, packer/processor receipts, or farm management records (refer to the LAM for farm record requirements) verified by the adjuster and supported by written records from the first handler. This production will be the basis for computing losses from the insured and uninsured causes of damage on the PW.
- (2) Account for ALL HARVESTED PRODUCTION for ALL ENTITIES sharing in the crop except production appraised BEFORE harvest and shown in Section I because the quantity cannot be determined later.
- (3) For production commercially sold, enter the name and address of processor as applicable in items "49" through "52." For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate method of disposition.
- (4) If additional lines are necessary, the data may be entered on a continuation sheet. USE SEPARATE LINES FOR:
 - (a) Different FIRST handlers (buyers, packing houses, or processors). The insured must have maintained satisfactory records of ALL production sold. Verify any packinghouse or processor records. (In all localities) if the first handler was not a packer or processor, the production will be determined by the adjuster on the basis of available records.
 - (b) Varying shares; e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit.
 - (c) Varying determinations of production (varying value, etc.).
 - (d) Varying practices or types/varieties when a separate approved APH yield exists.
 - (e) If there is harvested production from more than one insured practice (or crop) and a separate approved APH yield has been established for each, the harvested production also must be entered on separate lines in columns 47a through 66 by crop. If production has been commingled, refer to the LAM.
- (5) There will generally be no harvested production entries in items "47a" through "66" for preliminary inspections.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard									
43.	Date Harvest	Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer to the									
	Completed	LAM.									
		Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY. Final:									
		(a) The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage on the unit was (1) harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested, destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.									

El	ement/Item Number	Standard
43.	Date Harvest Completed (Continued)	 (b) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvest, enter "Incomplete." (c) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), none of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "No Harvest." (d) If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer
44.	Damage Similar to Other Farms in the Area?	to the LAM. Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY. Final: Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other groves in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the Narrative.
45. 46.	Assignment of Indemnity Transfer of Right to	Check "Yes" only if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH. Check "Yes" only if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the unit for
	Indemnity	the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH.
47a.	Share	Record only varying shares on same unit to three decimal places.
47b.	Field ID	 (a) If only one practice, variety, or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, MAKE NO ENTRY. (b) If more than one practice, variety, or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, and a separate approved APH yield exists, indicate for each practice/type/variety the corresponding Field ID (from column "16").
48.	Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop. Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding entry of first crop and second crop codes. ***
49- 52.	Length or Diameter, Width, Depth, Deductions	For harvested production sold, enter the name and address of the buyer, packing house, or processor. For harvested production otherwise disposed of, indicate method the disposition.
53-55 56.	Bu. Ton, Lbs., Cwt.	MAKE NO ENTRY. Circle "Ton" in column heading. Enter the gross harvested production in tons rounded to tenths. If the insured has selected juice coverage from the actuarial documents and harvested as fresh, count on a ton for ton basis (e.g., 10.0 tons harvested as fresh, count 10.0 tons as juice, etc.). Convert any harvested production in pounds, containers, etc. to tons, explain in the Narrative.

Element	t/Item Number	Standard
57-60b.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
61. Adju	sted Production	Transfer entry from column 56.
	. Not To Count	Enter the net production NOT to count in tons rounded to tenths When acceptable records identifying such production are available, from harvested acreage which has been assessed an appraisal of not less than the guarantee per acre, or from other sources (e.g., other units or uninsured acreage). This entry must never exceed production shown on the same line. Explain any "Production not to Count" in the Narrative.
63. Prod	uction Pre-QA	Column 61 minus column 62, results in tons to tenths.
64a. Valu	e	Make the following entries, as applicable: (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, and due to insurable causes, does not contain 120 or more gallons of juice per ton, enter such gallons of juice per ton (see
		exhibit 8 for information on calculating gallons of juice per ton). Round gallons to tenths. (b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY. (c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
64b. Mkt.	Price	 Make the following entries, as applicable: (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, enter 120.0 gallons when there is an entry in column 64a. (b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY. (c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
65. Qual	ity Factor	 Make the following entries, as applicable: (a) For harvested production of citrus fruit with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, column 64a divided by column 64b. Round to three decimal places. (b) For harvested production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP. (c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard										
66.	Production to	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:										
	Count											
		(a) For harvested production with quality adjustment, column 63 multiplied by										
		column 65.										
		(b) For harvested production without quality adjustment, transfer entry from										
		column 63.										
67.	Total	Total of all column 63 entries. If no entry in column 63, MAKE NO ENTRY.										
68.	Section II Total	Total of all column 66 entries.										
69.	Section I Total	Transfer entry from section 1 column 38 total.										
70.	Unit Total	Item 68 plus item 69.										
71.	Allocated Prod.	Refer to the LAM for instructions for determining allocated production. Enter										
		the total production, in tons rounded to tenths, allocated to this unit that is										
		included in sections I or II of the PW. Document how allocated production was										
		determined and record supporting calculations in the Narrative or on a Special										
72.	Total APH Prod	Report. Make the following entries:										
72.	10tui / 11 11 10t	white the following chales.										
		(a) When there are entries in column 37 and/or item 71: Item 70 minus item										
		71, minus the total of column 37.										
		(b) When there is no entry in column 37 or item 71: Transfer the entry from item 70.										
		nem 70.										
		Note : MAKE NO ENTRY when separate APH yields are maintained by type,										
		practice, etc., within the unit.										
	The following	required entries are not illustrated on the PW examples below.										
73.	Insured's Signature	Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date.										
	and Date	BEFORE obtaining the insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the										
		PW WITH THE INSURED or insured's authorized representative, particularly										
		explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood. Final indemnity										
		inspections should be signed on bottom line.										
74.	Adjuster's Signature,	Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or										
	Code #, and Date	insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter										
		adjuster's code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER the absentee has signed and returned the PW. Final indemnity inspections										
		should be signed on bottom line.										
75.	Page Numbers	Preliminary: Page numbers - "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.										
		Final : Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).										

_																				-			
									PROL	DUCTIO	ON WO	RKSHE	CET (<mark>Fr</mark>	esh Fru	ıit Clai	<mark>m</mark>)							
1. Cr	op/Code #	#	2. Unit	#	3. Loca	ation Desc	ription		Compan	ıy		Any C	ompany			8. Name of Insured							
<u>0</u>	ranges –	Early &	0001-	.0001	1	Lot 10a E	Block 28	,	Agency			Any Agency				I. M. Insured							
Mid:	season(I	Fresh)/022	27 B	U		Texas G	Gardens			•				9. Claim#	11. Cr	11. Crop Year							
4. Da	te(s) of D	Damage	JAN	V 10								7						YYYY					
	use(s) of		Fre													10. Policy#	<u>XXXXXXX</u>		XXX	XXXX			
	sured Cau		10													14. Date(s)	1st		2nd			Final	
	dditional		0003-00		7											Notice of Loss		חח/עעעע	2.1.0			YYYY	
	st. Prod. 1		7.							Notice of Loss MM/DD/YYYY 15. Companion Policy(s)											MIM/DD/	1111	
				•	OF A	DD A ICE	ID DDG	DICE	TONI AND	A D III CON	ATENITO	1				13. Companio	i Folicy(s)						
			RMINED	ACKE	AGE AP	PKAISE	LD, PKU	DUCT	ION AND	ADJUSTI	MENTS				7 70								
A. ACTUARIAL B. POTENTIAL YIELD																							
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32a. 32b.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	
Field ID	Multi- Crop Code	Reported Acres	Determined Acres	Interest or Share	Risk	Туре	Class	Sub- Class	Intended Use	Irr Practice	Cropping Practice	Organic Practice	Stage	Use of Acreage	Apprais Potent		Shell %, Factor, or Value	Production Pre QA	Quality Factor	Production Post QA	Uninsured Causes	Total to	
A	NS		6.9	1.000		<u>150</u>				002			1st	UH	1.4	!		9.7	0.11	1.1		1.1	
В	NS		2.0	1.000		<u>150</u>				002			P	UH							9.8	9.8	
С	NS		20.0	1.000		<u>150</u>				002			2nd	Н									
	30	TOTAL	28.0		ality: TV			atoxin 🗆	Vomitoxir		onisin 🗆	Garlicky [Dark R	oast 🗆		•	/2 TOTALS	0.7		1.1	08	100	

NARRATIVE (If more space is needed, attach a Special Report)

Acres calculated using GPS (See Special Report). Block A: 4.90T guarantee x 0.40 (1st stage factor) = 1.96T Stage 1 guarantee.

Block C: Stage 2 guarantee 7.54T APH Yield x 0.65 coverage level = 4.90T. Block A quality adjustment for freeze damaged fruit. Block B damaged by spray burn, appraisal for uninsured causes at 4.9T/acres X 2.0 acres = 9.8T column 37 entry

4.91/a	4.51/acte A 2.0 actes - 5.61 column 5/ entry.																		
SECT	ION II	- DETE	RMINE	D HAF	RVESTED	PRODU	CTION												
43. Da	te Harve:	st Complet	ted			44. Dan	nage simila	r to other fa	rms in the	area?		45. As	ssignment	4	46. Transfer of Right to Indemnity?				
		MM/D	D/YYY	\boldsymbol{Y}				Yes	X No					Yes	No X		Yes	No A	7
A. Ml	EASUR	EMENT	S			B. GR	OSS PRO	DUCTIO	N	C. ADJ	USTMEN'	TS TO HAI	RVESTE	D PRODUCT					
47a. 47b.	48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57.	58a. 58b.	59a. 58b.	60a. 60b.	61.	62.	63.	64a. 64b.	65.	66.
Share Field ID	Multi- Crop Code	Length or Diameter	Width	Depth	Deduc- tion	Net Cubic Feet	Conver- sion Factor	Gross Prod.	Bu.,Ton Lbs. CWT	Shell/ Sugar Factor	FM% Factor	Moisture % Factor	Test WT Factor	Adjusted Production	Prod. Not to Count	Production Pre-QA	Value Mkt. Price	Quality Factor	Production to Count
	NS Acme Fruit Co. Anytown, State								31.3					31.3		31.3	<u>-</u> -	0.111	3.5
															67. TOTAL	31.3	68	. Section II Total	3.5
																		Section I Total	109

(For Illustration Purposes Only)
This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.).

41. Do any mycotoxins exceed FDA, State or other health organization maximum limits? Yes □ No □

69. Section I Total
70. Unit Total
71. Allocated Prod.
72. Total APH Prod.
4.6

									PRO	DUCTIO	ON WOL	RKSHE	ET (<mark>Ju</mark>	iice Clai	<mark>m</mark>)											
1. Cr	op/Code	#	2. U	nit #	3. Locat	ion Descri	ption	7. C	ompany		AL	y Comp	any			8. Name of Insured										
O _I	ranges -	– Early o	<u>&</u> 000	2-0001	1	ot 8c Blo	ock 28,	A	gency		A	ny Agen	ісу			I. M. Insured										
Mid.	season((Juice)/0	<mark>227</mark>	BU		Texas Ga	rdens								- !	9. Claim#			11. Crop Year							
4. Da	te(s) of I	Damage	J A	1 <i>N 10</i>												XX	XXXXXX		YYYY							
5. Ca	use(s) of	f Damage	F	reeze												10. Policy #			XXXXXXX							
6. Ins	ured Ca	use %		100												14. Date(s)	1st		2nd	Final						
12. A	dditiona	ıl Units	0003	0001 BU	7											Notice of Loss MM/DD			D/YYYY			MM/DD/YYYY				
		Per Acre		7.3												Companion Po	olicy(s)									
SECTION I – DETERMINED ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION AND ADJUSTMENTS																										
Α.	ACTU	ARIAL													B. POTENTIAL YIELD											
16.	17.	18.	19	19 20. 21.		22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32a. 32b.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.				
Field ID	Multi- Crop Code	Reported Acres	Determine Acres	ed Interes	Risk	Туре	Class	Sub-Class	Intended Use	Irr Practice	Cropping Practice	Organic Practice	Stage	Use of Acreage	Appra Poten		Shell %, Factor, or Value	Production Pre QA	Quality Factor	Production Post QA	Uninsured Causes	Total to Count				
A	NS		22.9	1.000		<u>151</u>				002			2nd	UH	1.2	2 37.5 120.0		27.5	0.313	8.6		8.6				
В	NS		12.1	1.000	ø	<u>151</u>				002			2nd	Н												
	39. TOTAL 35.0 40. Quality: TW □ KD □ Aflatoxin □ Vomitoxin □ Fumonisin □ Garlicky □ Dark Roast □ Sclerotinia □ Ergoty □ CoFo □ Other ⊠ None □ 42. TOTALS 27.5 8.6 41. Do any mycotoxins exceed FDA, State or other health organization maximum limits? Yes □ No □															8.6										
NA	RRATI	VE (If n	ore space				_								A. 37.	5 gallons per to	n entry in c	columns 32	a from iuic	e plant ana	alvsis.					
									coverage le)	,											
			TERMINI																							
		rvest Com		D HAK				other farm	s in the area)		15	Assignn	nent of Ind	emnity			46 Tra	nefer of Righ	t to Indemnit	w?					
73.	Date Hai		DD/YYY	V		TT. Dama			Y No			43.	7 KSSIGIII	Yes		No X			46. Transfer of Right to Indemnity? Yes No							
A. 1	MEASI	UREME		•		B. GRO	OSS PRO			C. ADJU	STMENT	ТО Н	ARVES	STED PR	ODUC'					<u> </u>	X					
47a 47b				51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57.	58a. 58b.	59a. 59b.	60	a.	61.	62.	63.		64a. 64b.	65.		66.				
Shar		lti- Leng	th		D 1	Net	Conver-	C	Bu.,Ton	Shell/	FM%	Moisture			djusted	D 1 M 4	Produc	tion	Value		Pn	oduction				
Field ID		op or	Width	Depth	Deduc- tion	Cubic Feet	sion Factor	Gross Prod.	Lbs.	Sugar Factor	Factor	Factor	Fac	Dec	oduction	Prod. Not to Count	Pre-Q	QA N	Лkt. Price	Quality Fac	etor to	Count				
	N.	S		Juice Co wn, State					12.4	-					12.4		12.	4	37.5 120.0	0.313		3.9				
		l l	-													67. TOTAL	12	1	68	Section II T	otal	3.9				
																UI. IUIAL	12,	7		. Section I T		8.6				
								(For Ill	ustratio	n Purp	oses Or	ıly)							09	70. Unit T		0.0 12.5				
				Tru ·	C	1		`		-		• /	. (-	_• 4		-4-)			71	Allocated Pr		14.0				
				I nis i	torm ex	ample	does no	ot illust	rate all	require	a entry	tems	e.g.,	signat	ures,	etc.).				Total APH P		12.5				

		Distance Between Trees (in feet)								
		4	5	6	7	8	9			
Rows	1	10890	8712	7260	6223	5445	4840			
Ro	2	5445	4356	3630	3111	2723	2420			
en (3	3630	2904	2420	2074	1815	1613			
Between (in feet)	4	2723	2178	1815	1556	1361	1210			
Be in f	5	2178	1742	1452	1245	1089	968			
i)	6	1815	1452	1210	1037	908	807			
tar	7	1556	1245	1037	889	778	691			
Distance (8	1361	1089	908	778	681	605			
	9	1210	968	807	691	605	538			

For tree/row spacing not shown on the adjacent charts: Multiply the distance between trees (nearest tenth foot) times the distance between rows (nearest tenth foot) and divide the result into 43,560 round result to the nearest whole number (e.g., 6.5 ft. x 10 ft. = 65 sq. ft. $43,560 \div 65$ sq. ft. = 670 trees per acre). Refer to the LAM for information on how to calculate the number of trees per acre.

											D	istanc	e Betv	veen I	Rows	in fee	t)										
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
	10	436	396	363	335	311	290	272	256	242	229	218	207	198	189	182	174	168	161	156	150	145	141	136	132	128	124
	11		360	330	305	283	264	248	233	220	208	198	189	180	172	165	158	152	147	141	137	132	128	124	120	116	113
	12			303	279	259	242	227	214	202	191	182	173	165	158	151	145	140	134	130	125	121	117	113	110	107	104
	13				258	239	223	209	197	186	176	168	160	152	146	140	134	129	124	120	116	112	108	105	102	99	96
	14					222	207	194	183	173	164	156	148	141	135	130	124	120	115	111	107	104	100	97	94	92	89
	15						194	182	171	161	153	145	138	132	126	121	116	112	108	104	100	97	94	91	88	85	83
<u>£</u>	16							170	160	151	143	136	130	124	118	113	109	105	101	97	94	91	88	85	83	80	78
Ę.	17								151	142	135	128	122	116	111	107	102	99	95	92	88	85	83	80	78	75	73
Trees (in feet)	18									134	127	121	115	110	105	101	97	93	90	86	83	81	78	76	73	71	69
es	19										121	115	109	104	100	96	92	88	85	82	79	76	74	72	69	67	66
[re	20											109	104	99	95	91	87	84	81	78	75	73	70	68	66	64	62
	21												99	94	90	86	83	80	77	74	72	69	67	65	63	61	59
vee	22													90	86	83	79	76	73	71	68	66	64	62	60	58	57
etv	23														82	79	76	73	70	68	65	63	61	59	57 55	56	54 52
9	24 25															76	73	70 67	67 65	65 62	63	61 58	59 56	57 54	53	53 51	50
nc	25 26																70	64	62	60	60 58	56	54	52	51	49	48
Distance Between	20 27																	04	60	58	56	54	52	50	49	47	46
Ö	28																		UU	56	54	52	50	49	47	46	44
	29																			30	52	50	48	47	46	44	43
	30																				34	48	47	45	44	43	41
	31																					70	45	44	43	41	40
	32																						10	43	41	40	39
	33																							10	40	39	38
	34																								••	38	37
	35																										36

Acres in Grove or Block	Minimum Number of Samples							
0.1 - 10.0	The lesser of 5 trees or 5% of the number of trees.							
One additional tree is required for each additional 10.0 acres (or fraction thereof) in the grove.								

Number of Oranges per 90.0 Pound Field Box									
96	126	150	176	200	216	220	252	288	324

		Number of (Grapefruit p	er 85.0 Pour	nd Field Box		
36	46	54	64	70	80	96	112

Note: If citrus fruit size varies on the acreage being appraised, establish an average size and explain in the Narrative how this average size was determined. For example, if there are equal numbers of size 126 and 176 oranges, the closest average size would be size 150, enter "150".

A. General Information

Use the following information to determine juice content for calculating quality adjustment factors for juice claims:

- (1) If the average juice content has not already been determined, deliver a fruit sample to the nearest juice plant for juice quantity determination when the following records are not available:
 - (a) Individual producer records of juice content, or
 - (b) An average juice content from the nearest juice plant if not available.
- (2) Select a fruit sample that contains at least 40 pounds of citrus fruit from the acreage that is being appraised. Such fruit must be representative of the insured citrus fruit in the grove.
- (3) Retain a copy of the juice analysis from the juice plant in the insured's claim folder. Document percent juice calculations on the PW or Special Report, as applicable.

B. Calculations

(1) Convert percent juice to gallons of juice per ton as follows:

Gallons of Citrus Juice per Ton Calculations

Step	Formula	Example
1	Juice % (from analysis) x wt. of sample fruit	0.150 x 40 lbs. = 6.0 lbs. juice
2	Step 1 results ÷ 8.0 lbs./gal.*	6.0 lbs. ÷ 8.0 lbs./gal. = 0.750 gal.
3	Step 2 results x 2000.0 lbs./ton 40.0 lbs.	$\frac{0.750 \times 2000.0}{40.0} = 37.5 \text{ gal. of juice}$

^{*8.0} lbs. is the weight of one gallon of juice.

(2) Transfer result of step 3 to column 32a "Moisture %" or column 64a "Value" on the PW, as applicable.